an Francisco.

OYSTERS

PACKED BY

T'Murray & Co.

BALTIMORE,

WLEDGED BY THE ENTIRE SAN
ishing trade to be beyond comparison
to this market. It of

LENCE IS NOT IMAGINARY,

ered them will admit at the simple
priority lies in the extreme care and in
tended upon their preparation Each
by hand with the knowledge which stricts re
ration of the Liquor by which means
ors is retained Contrast this method
ly pursued of opening the Oysters in bo.
by which mean s the native liquor is
ctured one is substituted and the rea-
superiority of this brand is at once ap-

od fresh, in one and two pound Cans, by
DeWITT KITTLE & CO.
and Front Streets, San Francisco
Sole Agents

ON & EVANS,

CLAY St., SAN FRANCISCO,

urers and Importers

OF

T GUNS AND GUN MATERIALS

Of every Description

TERS OF ENGLISH,
American Fishing Tack
er both wholesale and
CENT BELOW ANY
on the Pacific Coast
hes and Powder Flasks,
LM'S POCKET CUTLERY is great va
so the appointed agents for HENRY'S
RIFLES and COLT'S and SMITH &
OLS, all of which we offer at the Lowest
rders executed with dispatch
ing in all the branches of moderate
jan23d4p5m

C HOSE MANUFACTORY.

AMS, SEWED WITH TWENTY PER
guaranteed to stand the pressure of
,
EE-PLY HOSE MADE.
punctually attended to
INGS, BAGS, and all kinds of Sawing

S HOWARD,
326 Davis St, San Francisco.

C. DART,

AND COMMISSION MERCHANT
Front Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Advances made on Consignments of Mer-
chandise.
REFERS TO
Messrs. Ladd & Tilton, Henry Failing, Esq
Wm. C. Ralston Esq., Cashier Bank
of California, Jos
Messrs. A. P. and C. E. Tilton, 95 and 97
Front Clark, Stewart's Home. m22d1tf

W. SPAULDING,

ing & Repairing

BLISHMENT,
Street, between Front
and Battery,
FRANCISCO.

LDING'S PATENT FAUCET TEETH IN-
CIRCULAR SAWS.
, in all its branches such as Gumming,
Straightening, &c.
SAWS of all sizes; also, Cross-cut, Mill,
Buck, Butcher, and Hand-Saws of all kinds
A good assortment of Saw Arbors at low-

ed PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING
s on hand or made to order on short notice.
ers. MCKAY, BURR, EVANS & CO.,
Oct 1 tf, Portland, Oregon, are my duly
nts for Oregon, Washington and Idaho,
through them by telegraph or otherwise
same rates as if sent to me direct
d —dtf N W SPAULDING

Medical.

E UNFORTUNATE.

EDIES, NEW REMEDIES

. Gibbon's Dispensary,

EARNEY STREET,
EAR COMMERCIAL
Establis 15yl
ment of and
ase pu nor
ctures ulin fo
Weakness,
Skin Diseases (of
) and Ulcerated Legs
nated.

Horrible Diseases.

thousands of person , both male and fe-
who are suffering out a miserable exist-
effects of secret indulgences, or from virus
the system! Look at their pallid, sunken
red faces and their broken-down constitu-
tions, them for the happiness of marriage
t of life. In this horrid situation thou-
sands death closes the scene. Let parents,
uds, attend to those who are suffering with
orrible life-destroying maladies before that
for and cured before it be too late. Send
tely to Doctor Gibbon, a physician who has
devoted his whole study for years, and who
es the most inveterate cases without mer-
purchase drugs. It is important to those
ed, or to those who are interested in the
r friends, to be careful of the many pre-
who infest all cities, publishing their skill
ic use in a few days, imposing upon the
g the names of eminent physicians from
ther places. Be therefore careful and make
or you may fall into the hands of those

H Last Weakness.

ushood, this consumption of self-respect. This
r depraved sexual indulgence, is practised
both sexes to an almost unlimited extent,
th unerring certainty, the following train
ptoms, unless combatted by scientific me-
ns: Sallow countenance, dark spots under
the head, ringing in the ears, noise like
leaves and rattling of chariots, tremb ling
, sometimes of the limbs, confused vision,
ct, loss of confidence, diffidence in ap-
earance, inability to form new acquaintance
shun society, loss of memory, pain
s and various eruptions about the face,
foked breath, coughs, consumption, night
mania and frequent insanity. If relief is
would apply immediately, either in person
d have a cure effected by his new and ad-
ifesting this disease, which never fails
k and radical cure. Dr G. will give Or-
s to any person who will prove satisfactor-
he was cured of this complaint by other
cians quacks
DOES IT be responsible, and will give to each
an instrument, binding himself to effect a
manent cure, or make no charge.
Mercury may be CURED AT HOME, by
ter to Doctor Gibbon, stating case, age
time the disease has continued, and last
mptly forwarded, free from observation
ny part of the country, with full and plain
ns, for Ten Dollars, sent in registered let-
Wells, Fargo & Co.
J. F. GIBBON, 616 Kearney street, cor-
n, San Francisco Post Office Box 283.
ADVICE FREE.
vention Better than Cure.
vented Patent French Safe, a sure Pre-
t Diseases and Pregnancy, sent by mail
rom DR. J. F. GIBBON, 616 Kearney
reet, San Francisco. Physicians and
ndents will please inform DR GIBBON
his advertisement in the *Daily Oregonian*
gonian as the case may be.)
ja31d4ptw2m6

Notice

GIVEN THAT THE ASSESSMENT LEY
dinance No. 574 for the improvement of the
treet lying between Columbia and Madi-
ely occupied by the bridge, on each of the
fied lots lying and abutting on Front
ot payable to the City Treasurer in United
silver coin, and if the assessment is not
e days from the final publication of the
ncil will order a warrant for the collection

nt is as follows, to wit

OF CT.	No OF LOT	OWNER.	AMOUNT.
8	3	R Patton	$177 00
8	4	M Patton	486 00
114	1	A C R Shaw	166 00
114	2	J B Harker	161 00
113	7	Strong & Catlin	257 00
113	8	Strong & Catlin	542 00
71	3	Estes & Stimson	242 00
71	4	Estes & Stimson	242 00

Order of the Common Council
R WILCOX,
Attor and Clerk of the City of Portland.
Jan 9 1867 jan11d10t

TNERSHIP NOTICE.

hereby given that the copartnership here-
ed on in the business by R
F POWERS under the firm of PRAG
No 139 First street Portland Oregon,
consent been changed, and Jno. F Pow-
retired from said firm and Daniel Wilson
nce The business will be continued at
by R. Prag and Daniel Wilson under firm
G & WILSON All debts due the late
d to Prag & Wilson
R PRAG
JNO F POWERS.
DANIEL WILSON.

ning Tools,

STOCK CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
For sale by
H W CORBETT

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. VII PORTLAND, OREGON: SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 16, 1867. NO. 12.

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months.

ADVERTISING at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $3 per annum, $2 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

All papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least two weeks before the date printed upon the address label.

OFFICE—No 5 Washington street one door from Front.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L P FISHER, 529 Washington Street San Francisco

Business Cards.

L. S. STERNS. H. C. SMALL.

STERNS & SMALL,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT-LAW,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Will practice their profession in the various Courts of Oregon and adjacent Territories.

Collections made, and all kinds of legal business attended to with dispatch.

Claims against the United States Government promptly adjusted.

H C SMALL, Notary Public

OFFICE No. 10 Carter's New Brick Building corner of Front and Alder streets dec.4dtf

Oregon State Insane Asylum and COUNTY HOSPITAL.

DRS. HAWTHORNE & LORYEA,

PHYSICIANS & PROPRIETORS

Office at Drs. Chapman and Watkins, Corner of Front and Washington Streets, PORTLAND dtf

HENRY MARTIN & CO.,

DEALERS IN

PRODUCE, Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

NUTS OF ALL KINDS,

SEGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, STATIONERY, CUTLERY,

Yankee Notions, &c.,

FIRE CRACKERS and all kinds of FIREWORKS, and South Sea Island CORAL SHELLS, always on hand

Also, Miller & Lambert's FLOWER SHRUBBERY, FRUIT TREES and FRUITS

Corner of Front and Washington Sts., Opposite Lincoln House, Portland, Oregon.

☞—Orders promptly filled. nov2dtf

W. H. BENNETT & CO.,

Dealers in

GRAIN, FLOUR, FEED & PRODUCE,

HAVING LEASED THE LARGE FIRE-PROOF brick building,

NO. 180 FRONT STREET,

Are prepared to receive MERCHANDISE and PRODUCE on

Storage and Commission,

and will attend to the purchase and sale of all kinds of Produce.

Portland, January 19, 1867 jan21dtf

Brooms! Brooms!

BOLTER BROTHERS

HAVE REMOVED THEIR BROOM FACTORY TO First street, opposite O N Co.'s Wharf, where they are now making the BEST QUALITY OF BROOMS ever offered in this market.

They are satisfied that they can furnish merchants and the people of Oregon with better and cheaper Brooms than they can get from California or elsewhere. Please call and examine our Brooms and satisfy yourselves of the fact. H G BOLTER, G T BOLTER.

nov23d3p1f

LEON VIAL,

IMPORTER OF

Wines and Liquors,

HENNESSY AND MARTELL COGNAC IN CASE,

Wholesale and Retail,

128 FIRST STREET. ja31

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL,

W. Corner of Bush and Sansome Sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

TUBBS & PATTEN, Proprietors.

THIS MAGNIFICENT HOTEL, WHICH IN CONstruction and all its appointments, is second to no other establishment in the United States, having since the 1st inst. passed under the control of the undersigned, will be carried on by them as a strictly First class House in every particular. No pains or expense will be spared to render it attractive to the travelling community. Its location being central—near business and amusements—offers great inducements to all who may be visiting the city, and those who favor us with their patronage may feel assured of receiving all the care and attention it is in our power to bestow.

TUBBS & PATTEN

San Francisco, Dec. 15, 1866. jan5d13p3m

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between the undersigned in the Brewery business at East Portland, Oregon is hereby dissolved by mutual consent. All claims against the undersigned should be presented for payment at the Brewery in East Portland.

HENRY LUDWIG,
PETER JOHNS

The undersigned will still continue to keep on hand at the Brewery in East Portland a good stock of

LAGER AND BOCK BEER,

And will deliver the same to customers on short notice

HENRY LUDWIG
WILLIAM WEISER.

East Portland, Jan. 15, 1867 dtf

G. L. Hibbard & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

For the Sale of

OREGON PRODUCE and GROCERIES

No 14 Taylor St, between Front and First,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

jan7 d3pawtf

LUMBER YARD!

SUTTON & CO.

WHARF FOOT OF ALDER STREET,

Dealers in Fir, Cedar, Spruce and Redwood Lumber.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH ALL kinds of Lumber at the market rates. Seasoned Lumber constantly on hand. feb2d1tf

IF THERE IS A FLORENCE SEWing Machine within One Thousand Miles of this Office that is not working well, it will be attended to if I am informed of it, without expense to the owner. SAMUEL HILL, General Agent, 111 Montgomery street, San Francisco. nov28dlawly3m

Lessons in French.

MADAME PARROT, an accomplished Teacher of the French Language, would be pleased to receive a few pupils, to whom she will give daily lessons. Apply at her residence No 44 Stark street ja23tf

HARDWARE,

Direct from England,

AND THE BEST MANUFACTURERS OF THE Eastern States. For sale by H. W. CORBETT.

Banking.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Paid up Capital $1,562,500.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO

$10,000,000!

HEAD OFFICE—5 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON

BRANCHES.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, and SAN FRANCISCO.

AGENCIES,

NEW YORK—Messrs. R BELL and F. GUNDEY, (Agents for Bank of Montreal.)

IN CANADA:

BANK OF MONTREAL.

Branches and Agencies:

Montreal,	Kingston,	Whitby,	Stratford,
Toronto,	Cobourg,	Peterboro,	Picton,
Quebec,	Belleville,	Ottawa,	Perth,
Hamilton,	Brantford,	Guelph,	Simcoe,
London,	Brockville,	Goderich,	St Catherines

IN SCOTLAND—British Linen Company Bank

IN IRELAND—Union Bank of Ireland

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars. INTEREST allowed on Credit balances over $1,000

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS, bearing Interest, issued for money lodged for fixed periods.

BILLS Discounted and Collected; and BILLS OF EXCHANGE on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.

DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies, and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped to Portland.

GOLD BARS PURCHASED, received on Deposit, or Advances made upon them.

EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager

Portland February 1 1866 ja10 49tf

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

NOTICE.

Wells, Fargo & Co's

FAST FREIGHT LINE!

GREAT REDUCTION ON FREIGHT TO ...AHO!

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 1ST, 1866, UNTIL further notice, our rates for FAST FREIGHT will be as follows:

From Portland to Boise City ..	23	cents per pound.
" " " Idaho City	38	" " "
" " " Ruby City	40	" " "

Portland, Dec 1, 1866 WELLS FARGO & CO

JOHN HAILEY & CO'S

PIONEER LINE OF

Concord Coaches!

CARRYING THE U S MAILS and

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.

LEAVES UMATILLA EVERY MORNING AT 3 o'clock for Idaho City and all intermediate points. HAILEY & CO Proprietors and JOS PINKHAM, Agent

Frankenthal & Haas,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Umatilla, Oregon.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THEIR Friends and the Public, that they will have completed by March 1st, 1867, a large (40 by 80)

Fire Proof Building!

For the storage of freight.

Goods will be received, forwarded and stored at owners' risk; freights advanced, and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business, strictly attended to jan5dtf FRANKENTHAL & HAAS.

NOTICE.

FORWARDING

TO

Montana and Idaho!

FREE OF CHARGE!

BY

M. AINSA, JR., Merchant,

UMATILLA, OREGON

☞ Mark Goods care of M A, Umatilla se5dtf

JOHN R. FOSTER,

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANT,

UMATILLA, OREGON

GOODS RECEIVED AND FORWARDED TO ALL parts of the MINES IN OREGON, IDAHO AND OWYHEE and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to. ☞ Consignments of Goods solicited

References:

Jacob Underhill & Co, Allen & Lewis
Geo C Johnson & Co, Portland, Oregon
San Francisco

Mark Goods care of J. R. F., Umatilla aug3dtf

FLANDERS & FELTON,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WALLULA, W. T.

PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories, also to the Blackfoot Mines. Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments made to us.

All business intrusted to us promptly attended to. ☞ Mark Goods care of F & F Wallula

FLANDERS & FELTON

Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment of Groceries and Liquors. feb2l dtf

Printing Paper FOR SALE.

THE FOLLOWING SIZES CONSTANTLY KEPT on hand

32x46	24x36.
28x42.	24x34.
26x38.	22x32.

Also, 200 lbs. NEWS INK, in 50 lb kegs

HENRY L PITTOCK,
No. 5 Washington Street Portland

Boots and Shoes,

UP STAIRS, A LARGE STOCK H. W. CORBETT.

$50,000!

Deposited as Additional Security to Phœnix Patrons in the State of Oregon.

☞ CHARTER PERPETUAL! ☜

PHŒNIX

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

CASH CAPITAL	$600,000 00
CASH ASSETS	$1,003,772 13

ANNUAL CASH INCOME,

OVER ONE MILLION DOLLARS!

THE PHŒNIX!

Possessing Cash Assets of Over One Million Dollars, nearly

$200,000!

Of which IS INVESTED IN OREGON and California for the protection of its Policy-Holders, and having the Largest Actual Net Cash Surplus over Capital, re-insurance and liabilities of any of the Hartford Companies, decided to Fire Insurance exclusively offers to Oregon patrons unquestionable security under its Policies.

THE PHŒNIX!

Is represented on this Coast through fully Commissioned Agents at each prominent place, authorized to bind the Company by the immediate issue of Policies.

THE PHŒNIX!

Is the only Hartford Company, devoted to Fire Insurance, now doing business in Oregon.

THE PHŒNIX!

Has been represented on the Pacific Coast for nearly ten years during which period Two Hundred and Seventy-Eight Losses have been Paid amounting in the aggregate to nearly Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars, payments being made on an average of six days after fires occured.

LOSSES PAID IN U. S. GOLD COIN

AT POINTS WHERE THEY OCCUR.

RISKS TAKEN ON ALL CLASSES OF DESIRABLE PROPERTY at rates consistent with solvency and fair profit without any reference to the high charges of Monopolies, or ruinously low charges of Inferior Companies, that are disposed to gamble away their assets in a suicidal war of rates with Respectable and Solvent Companies of Inexhaustible Resource.

BRANCH OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO,

R. H. MAGILL, Manager

☞ Policies issued and renewed in this Sterling and Popular Company on all classes of desirable property without the delay incident to the Sub-Agency system, and at rates as low as solvency and fair profit will admit of.

S. J. McCORMICK,

feb8d1p3m Resident Phœnix Agent

NATIONAL

INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

CAPITAL, (PAID UP IN FULL,)

$1,000,000!

INSURES BRICK, FRAME, AND OTHER BUILDings, Merchandise, Furniture, and other Insurable Property against Loss or Damage caused by Fire, on the most favorable terms.

Losses Promptly Paid in Gold Coin.

INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Arthur Dibble, George W Gibbs, Richard G Sneath,
John G Bray, Joseph A Donohoe, Henry Pierce.

President—WILLIAM PIERCE.
Vice President—D W C THOMPSON
Secretary—W W WIGGINS

Office, No. 408, Montgomery Street, Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co, San Francisco

my9d1p3m

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

UNION

Insurance Company

OF SAN FRANCISCO,

Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

CASH CAPITAL. $750,000.

DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.

Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.

THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars, is now prepared to effect Insurance against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, and also against MARINE AND INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on liberal terms.

CALEB T FAY, President
CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, Marine Director

W. J. VAN SCHUYVER, Agent for Oregon,

Office No 73 Front Street Portland, Portland January 16, 1866 dtf

Notice.

THE PUBLIC, ESPECIALLY ALL PERSONS WHO have heretofore transacted business with WELLS FARGO & CO, are notified that a consolidation of interests and business between WELLS, FARGO & CO THE PIONEER STAGE CO THE HOLLADAY OVERLAND MAIL AND EXPRESS CO, THE OVERLAND MAIL CO THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS CO, AND THE AMERICAN EXPRESS CO has taken place, and been effected under a Charter granted by the Territorial Legislature of Colorado and that all the business heretofore done by either of these Companies west of the Missouri River, or between New York San Francisco and the China Seas will hereafter be carried on by WELLS FARGO & CO, under the Act of Incorporation referred to.

LOUIS McLANE,
President of Wells Fargo & Co

New York, December 19th 1866 jan17d1m

Newspaper Ink.

200 LBS NEWS INK IN 50 LB KEGS For sale by HENRY L PITTOCK, No 5 Washington street, Portland.

REMOVAL.

L. GROSS,

HAS REMOVED HIS

DRUG STORE!

TO THE

Handsome Building of C. M. Carter,

Corner of Alder and Front Sts.,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

WHICH HE HAS FITTED UP ELEGANTLY, and intends to keep as a

FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE!

And offers to his numerous customers and those that will honor him with their patronage a well selected stock of

DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

PERFUMERY,

FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,

Extracts,

ESSENTIAL OILS, HERBS

And an assortment of all popular

Patent Medicines. &c.

ALSO

PAINTS, OILS,

WINDOW GLASS,

DYE STUFFS,

COLORS, &c.

Thanking those who formerly favored him with their custom, he respectfully asks further patronage.

N. B.—Special attention paid to PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS, which are prepared of the PUREST DRUGS and put up by an Experienced Apothecary.

☞ A NIGHT BELL is attached to the door and Prescriptions put up at all hours of the night.

TO DENTISTS.

L. GROSS

Would inform the Dentists that he has constantly on hand

The Best Selected Stock of

DENTAL GOODS!

In the State of Oregon, such as

TEETH, INSTRUMENTS, FOROEPS,

GOLD FOIL, &c.,

Which he will Sell at the Lowest possible Prices.

To Photographic Artists!

PHOTOGRAPHERS

will constantly find a full assortment of goods in their line at

L. GROSS' DRUG STORE,

Corner of Front and Alder Streets,

Which he will SELL AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

Best NEGATIVE & SUN PEARL COLLODION always on hand

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to and despatched nov12d3p2m

F G STEWART C E GOURLEY.

STEWART & GOURLEY,

No. 109 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS

AND DEALERS IN

Clocks, Watches, and Jeweler's Goods, Etc., Etc., Etc.

AGENTS FOR THE

American Watch Co., Also, for WILLCOX & GIBBS' LETTER "G" SEWING MACHINES

UNRIVALED IN

HEMMING, FELLING, BINDING, BRAIDING, EMBROIDERING, &C.

It is perfectly NOISELESS. It is declared the BEST MACHINE and AWARDED the

Highest Premium!!

At the Great Union Fair held at Ireland Park Head for Reports and Samples of Work dawtf

Tuning AND Repairing.

H. SINSHEIM,

PRACTICAL PIANO MAKER

HAS THE PLEASURE OF ANNOUNCING TO HIS Old Customers and the Public that he has lately returned from the East and is again prepared to

Tune and Repair Pianos, Organs and Melodeons,

of all styles, in the most workmanlike manner,

AT REDUCED PRICES, AND WORK GUARANTEED.

☞ Orders left at Mr E G RANDALL'S Music Store corner First and Alder streets, and at Mr S J McCORMICK'S Book Store 105 Front street, will be promptly attended to

ja25dtf H SINSHEIM Portland, Oregon

Gentlemen

LOOK HERE!!

IF YOU WANT A FIRST CLASS PAIR OF

BOOTS

Made to order of the latest improved style, go to

T. RODGERS,

The celebrated BOOT MAKER, who will make you a good fit, on FIRST and YAMHILL Streets. a3d6tp

How Much Shall we Sleep

We know that there are some sluggards in the world but we apprehend that their fault is not so much in wasting time in sleep as in wakefulness. They hate activity, and we should have no objection to their having a long night of sleep provided they would do diligently when awake. Most of those who act the part of the sluggard are living continually saying, as they rouse from the state, 'Let a little sleep, a little slumber, a little folding of the hands to sleep.'

Some of these idlers do really sleep much more than they ought to do simply because they eat so much that they must sleep. Eating is one of their chief enjoyments. They make a god of their belly, and so stupefy the brain by the consequent engorgement that they must sleep more than other men.

Men who make a business of life—who love activity—in their abhorrence of idlers and sleepy men are apt to give themselves too little time for sleep. They forget that there is no the old couplet so often quoted, an 'early to bed' as well as an "early to rise." They are encouraged to the encroachments on the proper hours for sleep by the stories that are often told of the little time given to sleep by some of the great men of the world. If the stories be true, which we much doubt in regard to some of them, we are very clear that more work might have been accomplished in the long run if more time had been daily given to 'tired nature's sweet restorer.'

That we may have a suitable appreciation of this matter let us consider what sleep is, an i what it is for.

Sleep is a singular condition. How opposite to the wakeful state! It has been often likened to death, and called its sister, but it is like death in only a few of its phenomena—its stillness its insensibility to external things; but even when profound the blood courses as usual in its channels, the respiration goes on, and nutrition is probably even more active than in the wakeful state, and when not profound the senses respond to impressions and the mind revels in a jumble of thoughts or even sometimes moves with all its accustomed regularity.

Sleep is a mysterious condition. Many have been the speculations about it by philosophers and physiologists, but no one has as yet settled, satisfactorily, upon its nature, though we know much in regard to its phenomena and the circumstances that influence it.

The object for which this condition was ordained by the Creator is obvious enough. It is for the restoration, and renovgoration of the system after exhaustion by labor. But it is not needed for this purpose by the whole system. The wearied muscles need no sleep, merely rest is all that is necessary for them. It is the brain and nerves that require sleep, for their action is something besides motion, and therefore something besides the cessation of motion is required by them. The mind must cease to use the brain and nerves, both in making impressions upon the world around and in receiving impressions, from it through the senses. And the more perfect this cessation the more perfect is the sleep.

It has been very generally said that sleep is required especially for the repair of the system—that the machinery of the body needs to lie by for repair just like any other machinery. But this has been disputed, on the ground that nutrition and repair are going on all the time. And yet we think that it must be granted that sleep is necessary for the perfection of this repair, at least if we use this word in its widest sense. During the rest which sleep gives to the brain and nervous system changes undoubtedly occur in the arrangement of the particles, which make a completion of those changes of repair that are going on at all times during the wakeful state. And beyond this there may be some changes which can not be effected at all while the machinery is in motion.

It is essential, then, to health that sufficient time be given to sleep, for if it be not done there will be imperfect restoration or repair after exhaustion. The result here is cumulative. If there be such night only a small deficiency in repair there will be a gradual but certain undermining of the health. It may be mentioned as a significant fact in this connection that even a severe and long continued pressure of anxiety and labor is not apt to produce insanity so long as the sleep is not broken in upon materially.

It is better to have too much than too little sleep, for, let it ever be remembered, that the amount accomplished of labor either of body or mind is far from being proportioned to the length of time employed.

Some need more time for sleep than others. How much is required in each individual case must be ascertained by observation. From six to eight hours sleep is ordinarily needed by adults. John Hunter and Frederick the Great, it is said got along with five hours, but we think that they would have done more and lived longer if they had slept more. Napoleon is said to have had even less sleep than this, but the contrary has been asserted by Bourrienne, who had ample opportunities of knowing his habits. Besides, he was a good sleeper. He slept soundly, and took little time to get to sleep. Whenever he was deprived of his regular rest he made up for the loss by naps, into which he could drop so readily that it is said that he could take "forty winks" at any time.

Children need more sleep than adults partly at least because there is not merely repair to be provided for but growth. Some parents discontinue the daily nap of the child too soon. It should be continued through the third year and in some cases even longer.—*Harpers' Weekly.*

SILVER DISCOVERED IN NEW YORK.—A correspondent of the Angelica (New York) *Reporter* writing from Grannel Allegany county, states that Mr Otis Marsh, residing on Crawford creek about four miles from that village, has discovered a silver mine on his premises. Mr Marsh was first led to the belief of the presence of some kind of a spring which emitted a tarnish appearing water. His first impression was that the water flowed over copper but on excavating a few feet he came to the sulphate of silver and when he had penetrated forty feet below the surface, he came to a rich strata of silver quartz, (a blush rock filled with particles of silver) and on digging a few feet deeper he found the pure metal—a vein the thickness of a case knife blade and about three feet wide. Mr Marsh has had some specimens of this quartz assayed by a New York chemist, who valued them at $1 500 to $1 800 per ton. He can quarry several tons per day. Men are here from Rochester in great numbers leasing all the grounds within the vicinity of the diggings. Mr Marsh is preparing to tunnel for his treasure and I venture to say that before long this will be a great mining district. The *Reporte* says editorially, that it has good reasons for believing in the correctness of the statement, and adds: We are informed that Francis Armstrong whose farm adjoins the premises on which the mines were discovered has heretofore valued his land at $10 per acre, he is now offered $100 per acre and refuses to sell.

ABSENCE OF MIND.—One of our cotemporaries is responsible for the facts in the following case of absence of mind. A lady, very regular in her attendance at Church on Sabbath morning to avoid trouble and labor in cooking at the same time insuring a warm and palatable meal generally provided pork and beans for the Sunday dinner. Her custom was to get the pot boiling before going to Church so that by noon its contents were properly cooked and ready for the table. A few sabbaths ago being belated and in somewhat of a hurry she got started when she bethought herself that she had forgot to put the pork in the pot with the beans. Without tarrying down her hymn book she hurried to the smoke house, cut out a suitable slice of pork and as she supposed deposited it in the pot. When the proper time came for eating her hymn book and mortification at discovering that she carried the slice of fat pork on her hand in its stead was only equaled by the astonishment and indignation of her husband at finding a hymn book laid up with beans for dinner. It is said that the piece of pork disappeared into the lady's pocket with about the same rapidity that the book and beans went out through the open window.

PRETTY GOOD.—The following is one of Josh Billings' best sayings: 'A man running for office puts me in mind of a dog that's lost he smells of everybody he meets, and wags himself all over.'

FROM IDAHO

From the Idaho Statesman of the 5th and 7th February we obtain the following

NORTHERN MINES.

We are compelled to record one of the most lamentable occurrences that has ever transpired in this vicinity that of the death by the hand of his son, William Litell, the owner of the second farm in the valley of the Boise City, also a bridge across Payette river near the mouth of Moore's creek. He was a most enterprising and exemplary citizen. Some time last summer or fall his father Thos Litell, and a young brother Ezekiel came from Oregon to live with William. Ezekiel has for a long time been subject to mental aberration and it is said was taken from the asylum at Portland by his friends when he was brought to Boise, though it appears he was by no means cured. His conduct was at times hard and occasionally troublesome. He had several times threatened to take his father's life and the old man had been warned late in last January or Saturday to beware of Ezekiel that he might do him harm. Early last Sunday morning William left the house and go toward the river. Soon after a little Indian boy six or seven years old who was living at Litell's came over to Walker's and said old man sick, old man dead. Mr Walker went over immediately and found the old man in the house with a gash in his head made by a tomahawk like the head of an axe nearly severing the head with some instrument from the body. William being absent from home at the time guard was placed over the dead body. Deputy Sheriff Thompson took the direction the wagon was coming and soon found him on an island in the Boise river without hat or coat. He had waded across to the Island, built a fire and was drying his clothes. He was taken to jail where the old man boy, whatever, and would not hold any conversation about him. He pretends, at least, not to know how his father came to his death. There is but one conclusion that he killed him by an axe with which was found standing in the room near where the body lay. Such was the verdict of the coroner's jury. Drs Miller and Price were called, who testified that the blow in the head and the fracture of the skull caused Mr Litell's death. The body was buried yesterday. Officers Conway and Thompson were prompt in the discharge of their duty. We visited Ezekiel in his cell last night, in company with Sheriff Duvall, and conclude, from his appearance and conversation, that he is partially insane.

LATER FROM LEMHI.

We are able this morning to satisfy the anxiety which prevails to learn something more of the new mines on Salmon river. Mr Loup, messenger of W, I & Co. furnishes us the following extracts from a letter dated Leesburg, January 2d, 1867.

I will give you my opinion of this camp. I think it will be the best and largest camp ever struck in the country outside of Boise Basin. There have been no very large strikes made yet, but the country as far as prospected thoroughly will pay well. We have eight large districts, two of which have been struck since Sam left. These diggings were struck late in the fall. There have been no merchants or grub here, so men had no time to prospect till after snow fell. The gold is of a coarse order and assays nineteen dollars and seventy cents per ounce. The largest piece was picked up in Bear Track District, weighing $15-75. These diggings are from seven to ten feet deep, with three feet of gravel. Prospects are from five cents to three bits to the pan. Raft Creek has been located from its head to its mouth. I saw $16 that was panned out of one prospect hole, nice coarse gold, at an average of four bits to the pan. Waterlis plenty. In Jump's district the creek and bars prospect well for five or six miles. George Byron is rocking there and making seven dollars a day. Potter's district prospects for four miles. Idaho district, a continuation of this creek, will pay as far down as has been prospected. This district is called Naples and is the first discovery, and here the most work has been done. Some two sixty dollars to the hand has been made. There are three districts on the other side of the divide that prospect well. Everything here is on the move. Twenty six houses have been built in town. There are six stores, two butcher shops, and about a hundred more houses going up. There is a large store and saloon at the river. Weather pleasant, snow two feet deep. Flour $22 per hundred, but 17 cents per pound, bacon, 60 coffee, 90, sugar, 60, beans, 60, potatoes, 50. Mining tools and clothing high. Some very rich quartz has been struck, but nothing much will be said or done about it before spring. JAMES HENITY.

Parties are every day starting from this place to Lemhi. Butcher & Logan fitted out a party yesterday, and others are in town preparing to go. The trade in that direction and travel too, promises to be brisk in a few weeks.

GREAT SUCCESS OVER THE INDIANS.

We are indebted to some kind friend—whom, we did not learn—for an extra from the *Alexandre* office dated last Saturday. It is as follows:

Mr Geo W Hill, who is decidedly prominent among the Indian exterminators, furnishes us the following letter which explains itself, and for which we extend him our hearty thanks. Mr Hanson killed is a brother to Mr Hanson who is now editor of the Clear Lake (Cal.) *Times*, and practiced law a short time in Silver, in 1866. Mr Hanson was a very industrious and intelligent man and it is with profound regret we hear of his death.

INDIAN ALARMS.—Having just returned from Gen Crook's command and knowing with what interest your readers watch his movements, I send you an account of his last raid. He left the Owyhee Ferry on the 24th inst., and proceeded down the river forty miles when the scouts reported an Indian trail going from the river in the direction of Steen's Mountain. Here he halted until the scouts brought word that the Indians were encamped at the base of the mountains. Going in pursuit, we traveled twenty four miles and halted at sundown, where we remained till three o'clock in the morning, when we were again in the saddles. The scouts (Boise Indians) and six citizens were ordered round on the hills above them, getting between them and their horses when at the break of day an Indian discovered us and gave the alarm. A signal gun was fired when Gen Crook charged across the field—over and over the lodges—killing everything before them. A few sufficed to gather up all that were trying to escape, but a number took shelter in a lodge, when ——— Hanson, a citizen, rolled one in the lodge and advanced front saying he would go in but when within fifteen feet of it he was shot and killed by the gun that Brown had when he was killed at spring near the Owyhee Ferry. Gen Crook got a few men together and charged into the lodge and charged out with it and a soldier hauled the only surviving buck from under the dead bodies of his murders dispatched him and the work was done. Result—forty Indians killed and twenty seven prisoners.

Yours in haste, GEO W HILL

P S—John Manning was wounded.

The snow in Boise Basin is about two feet deep. It is said to be about the same depth on the Blue Mountains.

FROM BRITISH COLUMBIA

The following intelligence is from the *British Colonist* of the 14th inst.

The dead body of a man or a man was found floating in the water of Esquimalt harbor near Selk's wharf on Saturday, by Indians. The body which was quite in the usual sailor's clothing is believed to be that of Kelly, an A B seaman, belonging to the H M S *Sparrowhawk*, who was missed out of the barracks last week, and whose loss it was feared would be followed by desertion. The police were notified and an inquest will be held to-day.

A telegram was received yesterday from Fitzgerald, the Cariboo constable stating that Brannon's case had been finally decided on the road on the 20th ult. Brannon's case was a foreclosure by birth and was fully known in this Colony. He came to the country with the first rush and leases a property on View street.

A part of the *Bank of Indian* plant in charge of Mr McMillan, was brought down by the *Enterprise* on Saturday to be used in the publication of a morning paper here.

Messrs Stronach and Ronald arrived in town from Kootenai during the week. There were 70 white men and 200 Chinamen in the

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, FEB 16, 1867

"And these, you know, are Honorable men

Probably the time never was when the high toned chivalry of the South, whose pastime is war, and whose regular meat and drink is live coals and gunpowder whisky, were so punctilious about their 'honor' as now Before the war the talk about "Southern honor' was loud enough and frequent enough to have shamed knight errantry in its palmiest days, and within the last year all this has been renewed with double frequency and double emphasis It is the staple of every discourse that reaches us from that section "Our honor" is the universal theme,

The Alabama Legislature, in its late action on the constitutional amendment, digressed from the sober consideration of the measure, and had much to say about that imaginary quality called "Southern honor" A letter written from Montgomery to the Mobile *Register* relates how the chivalry did it

There was much feeling and little judgment in what has been done. The fine talk about the sacrifice of our honorable pride reminds one of the fiery declamations of Yancey and others in the Convention of 1861, about the degradation of Southern honor which would be involved in submitting to the election of Lincoln The defiance now hurled at Congress calls to mind a good deal of the 'last ditch' rhetoric which immediately *preceded the capture of Gen Lee's army I sincerely* trust, however, that the results of events in our immediate future will not be at all similar to those just mentioned, though I am fearful they will.

Often as this bubble of "Southern honor" has been pricked, it is inflated again to a larger size than ever. These people scout every plan of restoring the Union which does not proceed upon the assumption that no penalty or disgrace can attach to treason and secession. This was not the idea on which the rebellion was put down by loyal men. They regarded the secession movement as a crime of unparalleled magnitude, and so regard it still. Their purpose is to fix a brand of disgrace upon the prominent actors in it, and this they will do. "Southern honor" will probably be able to stand this with as good grace as it endured the necessity of submitting to the "tyrant Lincoln."

Public Lands.

We give below an article from a California paper upon the public lands, which contains some suggestions that are worth attention. Of the policy of the Government in making liberal donations of land to aid public improvements, we express no disapprobation; for if the lands can be made of use in this respect no better disposition could be made of them. But there is another fact connected with this subject, which is touched upon in the article below, and which many persons, particularly at the East, seem not to be aware of, viz. The quantity of land fit to support an agricultural population, and yet remaining subject to the disposal of the Government, is exceeding small Especially would this appear, if the extent of arable lands were compared with the whole body of the public domain. The truth is, the Government does not now possess very much good land There are small bodies of excellent land in many places, but nothing like the quantity which many Congressmen seem to think is still at the disposal of the Government. Within the next twenty years, good lands must advance greatly in price in most parts of the country, as the whole of the public domain that will answer for permanent settlement will soon be occupied.

The article above alluded to, follows:

For the last ten years Congress has been appropriating the public lands, right and left, with a lavish hand. Lands have been given to railroads, to canals, to States, and to schools So liberally have they been disposed of, and so little is known of the actual amount granted, that we were induced, a year ago, to suggest the propriety of taking an account of stock, before any more *appropriations were made, in order to see if the* Government actually possessed any land to give away. It appeared to us that about all which are worth anything had been disposed of Members of Congress have begun to look into this subject, and the other day Mr Washburne suggested that no more lands should be granted until Congress should be officially informed as to the amount already disposed of, and the amount left on hand. Months ago, this information had been asked of the Interior Department, but it had not been furnished Very likely it is not possible to supply correct information on this head—nothing better than an appropriate estimate can be given Rust of the Mississippi there is hardly an acre of public land of value for any purpose All that is left is situated on inaccessible mountains or in fathomless swamps. West of that river, then, must the lands be looked for We have no data at hand by which to judge of the amount granted to Western States for School and other purposes The quantity, however, is immense. And to railroads, more territory than some kingdoms possess has been granted Railroad companies, controlling the proposed lines of about seven thousand miles in length, in the aggregate, have had granted to them land equal to a body twenty miles wide for the whole line of their roads—making in the whole, 140,000 square miles of territory—more than three times as much as there is in the State of Pennsylvania If these roads cannot find the land to which they are entitled along the line of those routes, they can take it up *elsewhere*. Subtract from what was the public domain west of the Mississippi ten years ago, the vast amount of lands granted to railroads, the amount since purchased by the settlers, the amounts granted to States and various objects, and the lakes, swamps, deserts, inaccessible hills, the mineral lands, etc., and it will be found, we think, when the whole matter is summed up and cyphered out that Government now possesses very little, if any, arable land either to sell or give away. Congress, in a statistical point of view, so far as this matter is concerned, could not do a better thing for itself and the public than to direct some competent person to examine this subject thoroughly and to make a careful report as to the amount of land possessing any value which is not yet disposed of. If we take for our guide the plain surface of the lay of the country, and deduct therefrom the number of acres sold or granted, there will undoubtedly appear to be a large surplus left on hand, but we think that a careful examination will prove the surplus surface to be composed of lakes, rivers, alkali and other desert plains, swamps, rocks, and inaccessible peaks At all events, it would be well to find out whether—the mines excepted—there are any lands belonging to the Government?

Clearly Defined.

The San Francisco *Examiner*, after having apparently given national matters mature consideration, has arrived at a conclusion *which is somewhat* remarkable, coming as it does from a Confederate source. It declares that "to revolutionize and destroy the governments of ten States is treason in its worst form" This is what the *Examiner* accuses the "Rump Congress" of doing But take this Confederate oracle at its word, and accept its definition of treason as the true one, and we have a very simple problem before us It will probably be accepted as an indisputable historical fact, that a few years ago the governments of several States were "*revolutionized and destroyed*" It only remains, therefore, to find the agents in this treasonable work, to try them by the *Examiner's* rule and hand them over to punishment This *dictum* greatly simplifies the whole business We are glad to be told, on such authority, that it "is treason to revolutionize the States Treason is at last clearly defined

The *Herald says* "We were never a sympathizer with Mr Davis in the revolutionary attempt *to dismember the Union*" Here is a person who must be continually proclaiming his loyalty, lest, otherwise it might never be known Why this anxiety to establish a character for loyalty? The writer, knowing that he lies under suspicion, makes frequent and anxious efforts to exculpate himself This is much the same as if a hawd should go about the *streets* protesting her virtue to every one she met.

By Overland Telegraph.

[DESPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

DATES TO FEBRUARY 14.

Congressional

Chicago Feb 13—In the Senate in evening session, there was no quorum and it adjourned

The House in the morning considered Stevens reconstruction bill Messrs Kelly, Maynard, Allison, Blair Garfield and North debated it. No action was reached

A Washington special says that Messrs and other radicals have decided that the present was out of political time to pass Elliott's bill but Stevens hopes to get it his own bill making the South a five military district

It is believed Elliott's bill will promptly pass the Senate and afterwards both Houses by the necessary two thirds vote The bill only names Louisiana but by an amendment it applies to all the Southern States.

Messrs Bingham, Blow, Hubbard, of Ohio, Latham Thayer and Willey, were the only Republicans voting against Elliott's bill

Washington Feb 14—The contest in the House on Stevens reconstruction bill was one of the severest of the session

Mr Boutwell of Mass closed the debate maintaining the necessity and propriety of passing the bill He said if it should happen that the Supreme Court should declare it possibly might that the States lately in rebellion were States in the Union entitled to all privileges of States and should take its declaration on any act of Congress then those States were restored so far as the judiciary could restore them, and nothing would remain to Congress and the people except to accept that conclusion as binding relief in either case an indescribable and dangerous controversy with the Judiciary If, however, the bill became a law and was put into operation the Supreme Court would have no capacity to see in those ten States any civil Government Therefore for judicial purposes it could exist in the States and Congress would keep in its own hands the political reorganization of those States. In reply to a question by Eldridge of Wis he said It was competent for Congress to declare that the lately rebellious States should be governed by military law

At 2 o'clock Stevens moved the previous question, which the House by 54 to 79 refused to second The debate proceeded

Mr Bingham of Ohio while approving the general purpose said Congress could not make a Government for any State

Mr Blaine of Me moved to amend by providing that when any State ratified the Constitutional Amendment and established impartial suffrage and its Constitution had been approved by Congress then such State should be entitled to representation Blaine further moved to recommit the bill to the Judiciary Committee, with instructions to report immediately

Stevens appealed against any amendment. He said that this was not a reconstructive measure but simply a police bill His speech was most impressive He spoke for half an hour, while the galleries crowded around him

The vote was then taken on Blaine's motion to refer and it was defeated—ayes 65 noes 95 The Blaine amendment was rejected—ayes 76 noes 86 The bill was then passed—ayes 109 noes 55 The Republicans voting for it were Baker of Illinois Banks of Massachusetts, Davis of New York Dodge of New York, Kelso of Missouri Kuykendall of Illinois, Raymond of New York, Stillwell of Indiana and Francis Thomas of Maryland The fight was to a great extent against Thad Stevens as leader Stevens won

The Senate to-day took up Elliot a bill by 23 to 19, but Hendricks objecting, it goes over till to-morrow

Reconstruction Matters

Washington Feb 13—Four reconstruction bills are before the House The bill of the Reconstruction Committee is to establish military governments in all the Southern States Mr Hanson's bill is substantially the same. It proposes to govern the South through the application of the articles of war, but not before it is necessary Mr Banks bill proposes to appoint three commissioners to organize a civil government with intelligence as a basis of suffrage The New Orleans Riot Committee bill proposes establishing a provisional government in Louisiana with universal suffrage

The debate in the House develops four classes of opinion in relation to the state of the South, viz That it is *in a state of war ceasant; that it is in a state of siege* that it is a conquered territory; that they are conquered States in a federal but not political state The establishment of military law is thought inconsistent with the latter opinion

The House refused by 25 majority to second the previous question on Stevens' military reconstruction bill The disposition is to load it down with amendments and thus secure its defeat.

Washington News.

New York, Feb 13—The President communicated to the Senate a letter from Secretary Seward to Minister Jas H Campbell of Stockholm notifying him of the appointment of Maginnis. The Secretary says this is the only correspondence concerning the displacement of Campbell.

The Mexican Legation discredits the report of the defeat of Juarez army

A more favorable feeling exists towards the admission of Colorado

New York, Feb 14—The *Times'* special dispatch says the Ways and Means Committee are greatly displeased at the announcement that they *would hear no more delegations* on the tariff. The disposition to keep the tariff up still prevails

There is scarcely a probability that the bank bill will be reached in the House, and Randall's anti bank bill certainly will not be.

The *Tribune's* special dispatch says the fifty millions Mexican loan proposition was before the Committee on Foreign Relations, yesterday, but there was no prospect of getting security, owing to the unsettled condition of affairs in that country The committee unanimously decided that it was inexpedient to extend the aid asked

George Bancroft declines the Collectorship of Boston

A Republican Senatorial caucus will be held on Saturday to elect a presiding officer vice Foster D F Wade will undoubtedly be chosen

It is the intention to get a vote in the Senate on Elliot's bill this week.

Suffrage in Tennessee.

New York, Feb 14—The Tennessee Senate yesterday passed the House colored suffrage bill to a second reading, refusing to strike out the clause forbidding negroes to sit on a jury or hold office

Miscellaneous

New York, Feb 14.—Cotton and woolen fabrics unchanged An active and lively demand prevails in purchasing goods; those in the best standing cannot obtain credit even on short dates Calico goods are most saleable These are firm with an improved tendency

New Orleans, Feb 13—Williams, of Shreveport, La., formerly on the retd General Polk's staff, has been elected United States Senator

A French steamer from Vera Cruz has arrived with dispatches from France Marshal Bazaine and the last detachment of French troops would leave the City of Mexico Feb 15th Everything is in confusion at Vera Cruz.

Foreign News.

New York Feb 14.—The *Herald's* cable special says the London reform demonstration on Monday was a great success The American, French and Italian flags were carried and the Inglish cheered Yankee Doodle, John Brown the Marseillies and Garibaldi's hymns were played by the bands. The Prince of Wales witnessed the procession from the windows of the United Service Club but received no cheers *There was a superb reception* at the American Embassy All the members of the procession took off their hats as they passed Among the banners were "No Surrender, "Liberty," "Equality," "Manhood and Suffrage," "Serfdom is infamous" "The voice of the people cannot be ignored with safety "Taxation without representation is fraud, "Liberty for those who dare demand it," and "Trust in God and keep your powder dry"

New York, Feb 13—Additional to *Herald's* cable dispatches On Monday afternoon the House of Commons was crowded to hear the expected announcement of the Government programme. Disraeli delivered a long historical essay on reform and the constitution He showed only a few flashes of his usual spirit, but was unusually brilliant while denouncing Bright Gladstone and Wildman and ironically defending Earl Russell At the close of his speech he said that the Government would introduce resolutions to test the sense of Parliament before presenting a Reform bill The resolutions are vague and unsatisfactory They merely state general principles.

Gladstone in a few remarks said the Government's plan of proceeding but protested against delay

During the session a rumor prevailed that the Fenians had taken the city of Chester which caused great excitement. The Duke of Cambridge hastily left the House for the war office. The presence of a number of supposed Fenians recently from Ireland gave rise to those apprehensions but they left town without creating any disturbance

London Feb 13—The Fenian scare at Chester is ridiculed by the newspapers, but nevertheless the Government is making arrests and seems to believe the affair serious There are rumors of a Fenian plot to blow up the Liverpool docks Seventy arrests were made at Dublin on the arrival of the steamer from Holyhead

The Liberal organs generally denounce the plan of reform announced by Disraeli

The Italian Parliament has been dissolved and a new election ordered to take place March 1st. Ricasoli resigned *at the King's request*

OUR SAN FRANCISCO DISPATCH

San Francisco, Feb 14—This morning a fire broke out in a building on Miss st street, between two and three o clock The wind was blowing a gale at the time, and in a very few minutes the 4 joining buildings ignited and buildings on the northeast corner of Third and Mission were in flames The Department was promptly called out, but the fire was not subdued until five buildings were destroyed *and others sensibly* damaged The buildings were all constructed of wood and were devoured by the flames with such rapidity that families living in them were compelled to make a hasty retreat Damage 12,000 in the aggregate

The body of Peter Olsen Captain of the sloop *Oliver Perry*, who was drowned, was found floating in the bay at the foot No 1, Stewart street wharf, yesterday afternoon

A dispatch from New York states that the *Tribune* and *Herald* contain specials saying that the yellow fever and small pox are prevailing at Panama

The trial and argument of the suit of Isaac Howell vs W & Moss et al publishers of the *Examiner* was concluded yesterday afternoon After an absence of two hours the jury instructed to bring in a sealed verdict which should be opened this morning The jury came in to court at noon to-day and rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiff awarding him $8 000 damages

Chief Crowley and posse last night arrested Martin Burns, Wm O Brian and Jno Connolly, and this morning Jno. Burt Pat Mulcury Chas Murray and Wm McAllister were arrested charged with complicity in Tuesday's affair The last batch or those arrested this morning are believed to have been engaged in the burning of the shanties at the rope-walks. Nothing more heard of any interest on the part of the rioters No further disturbance anticipated The trial of the rioters arrested has been set for Thursday next

Gold closed in New York last evening at 137 and Sterling 108 @108¾. Legal tenders are quoted at 73 buying and 73⅞ selling

A primary meeting to discuss the propriety of forming an association for the purpose of diffusing information regarding Calif ruits and to send agents to settle up in the country was held last evening The hall was filled to overflowing and a large number of working men were present and took great interest in the meeting. Gen Cobb called the meeting to order and said the object of the present good intention was cosmopolitan and without regard to country or creed The following officers were elected President Mr Huddart Vice Presidents H A Cobb, A B Hall, D Ingus, Deputytern J C Seamkaker M Kane Wm Hunter H F Williams and Thos Mooney Secretary Charles Corkery Gen Cobb moved that the President Vice Presidents and Secretary be formed into a committee with power to increase members whose duty it should be to prepare a plan and report at a mass meeting at Platt's Hall

Opposition steamship *Moses Taylor* sails for Nicaragua to-morrow

Arrived—Feb 14th, Hamburg bark *California*, 144 *days from Hamburg* bark *H H Gawley*, 8 days from Port Madison Sailed—Feb 14th bark *A A Eldridge*, for Honolulu, Norway bark *Formosa*, for Hong Kong; bark *Hidalgo* for Humboldt schr *A J Bexter* for San Juan del Sur

Nevada Legislature

Carson Feb 14—The Governor has approved the bill repealing the act of last winter so much as to the public known as the banking act and passed another bill In the Assembly a bill passed to organize Lincoln county making Hiko the county seat Tennant's bill to make uniform the rate of fare to be charged by railroad corporations In the Senate a message was received from the Governor announcing his approval of the *Banking bills for the release of the* ores and bonds and mill rights Also in relation to the bill to be submitted to the State by the United States vesting the title in the State of Nevada The Senate unanimously voted down the Assembly bill increasing the poll tax from ten dollars to a bill providing for the publication of the laws in the county papers Adjourned.

Virginia Feb 14—The Board of Supervisors yesterday laid the estimates before the Legislature and calls for $700 000, *the interest and temporary loan absorbs* $212 000

The Indians of this island on the main land are summoned to meet at New Westminster on Monday next

The Fraser river is now free of ice

The steamer *Hope* will leave for Yale to-day Weather fine

STATE ITEMS

Jesse C Henderson of McMinnville recently butchered a lot of *huge Limerican* of which were fifteen old and averaged 200 pounds each eighteen months old averaged 300 pounds, and one two years old weighed 650 pounds The stock was purchased of Thomas Cross of Salem, and is thought to be the best in the state.

Nebraska was admitted into the Union taking the 37th State Thus the Union grows in power all year by year, and defies all enemies in power and wealth

KOHN & FISHEL are selling clothing etc that defy competition

NEW ARRANGEMENT.—THE OLD BUCHTEL & CARDWELL PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY 89 First Street, has passed into the hands of JOSEPH BUCHTEL, Proprietor and Operator, who having just returned from San Francisco with ALL THE LATE IMPROVEMENTS, is prepared to take every style of picture known to the art

From the Ocean Advertiser, Nov. 9, 1866.
" " **New York Times, Nov. 16, 1866.**
" " **Boston Times, Nov. 18, 1866.**
" " **Transcript, Nov. 20, 1866.**

Successful Burglary—Stowell, Chamberlain & Co's Safe Blown Open and Robbed —Our town was startled on Friday morning by the discovery of a great burglary in the Banking Office of Messrs Stowell Chamberlain & Co The safe was a double one made by Lewis Lillie & Son of the largest size weighing many thousand pounds The burglars obtained an entrance into the office by prying open one of the windows with a jimmy In the lower left hand corner of the right hand outer door of the safe, which was two inches thick, a hole was drilled, through which powder was introduced It was blown open separating the outside from the bolts and inside casing, rendering it a complete wreck *The lower hinges of both* doors were broken off They next attacked the inside safe which was two feet high, extending the width and depth of the inside of the main safe This safe was one and a half inches thick, made with folding doors They drilled another hole through the right hand door in nearly the same point they had on the outside safe blowing open both doors This gave them access to the money and bonds, amounting to twenty five thousand dollars, which they carried off The larger portion of this belonged to special depositors They also took valuable papers belonging to the firm, leaving in their flight a bag of gold and silver, also a hundred dollar bill This safe was made to order by Mr Lillie of chilled iron, and was supposed to be burglar-proof, as it was a double safe, one lies de the other, with Lillie's combination locks on the outside and inside doors No trace of the burglars has been discovered *They came well prepared with jimmies drills,* gunpowder, &c The clerk of the bank did not leave there until twelve o clock at night The explosion was heard about four in the morning, showing they were expeditious in their work feb16 1

NEW TO-DAY.

For Sale.

THE ENTIRE AND COMPLETE MACHINERY OF a Steam Saw Mill For particulars apply to A G BRADFORD, 39 Front Street.
Portland, Feb 16, 1867 feb16dawslm

Notice.

WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF PARties owing us accounts to the fact that we are in need of funds and respectfully urge them to call at our new place of business WITH CASH to settle
VAN ERDEN & CO,
No 123 Front street,
In Harker's Brick Building
Portland, Feb. 16, 1867 d3w

The Renowned

TANNER TROUPE!!

AT THE
WILLAMETTE THEATRE.
PROPRIETOR — — T W TANNER

The Manager respectfully informs the public generally that he has leased and renovated the above Theater and will open it on

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 16, 1867.

with a

SPLENDID BILL!

FOR PARTICULARS SEE PROGRAMME

In active preparation, and will shortly be produced, the Wonderful Pantomime of

The Red Gnome!

N B—WANTED 12 RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRLS to form the Ballet. Apply at the Theater between the hours of 10 and 2

Admission:
Dress Circle and Parquette 50 cts Pit 25 cts
Doors open at 7 o clock Performance commences at 8

ANCHOR LINE!

Opposition to the Monopoly's Steamship Ajax.

The Steamship Ajax is in no way connected with the Anchor Line.

The monopolists cannot buy it.

No more monopoly, high freights and passage.

Remember this and patronize the Anchor Line, and thus serve your best interests.

The Splendid New Steamship

MONTANA,

1 030 TONS REGISTER
JOHN R KELLY Commander

Will sail from this port for San Francisco direct on or about

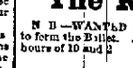
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 23D, 1867.

Rates:
CABIN PASSAGE $15 00
STEERAGE " 5 00
FREIGHT, PER TON 3 00

For Freight or Passage apply to
McCRAKEN MERRILL & CO, Agents
feb15dwtd No 16 North Front St Portland

For Victoria Direct.

THE STEAMER



FLUTTER,

M C BERRIAN Commander

Will leave Portland for Victoria on

Sunday, February 17th, 1867, at 8 o'clock A M.

Consignees will please deliver their letters on board For Freight or Passage
APPLY ON BOARD
feb16 1

Agents Wanted!

F. DEWING & CO.,
418 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.
feb9 3p

For Sale or Rent.

THE BUILDINGS CORNER OF FIRST AND TAY lor with ground lease for two years and privilege of re-lease known as the

Eagle Bakery.

For those wishing to go into the Bakery Grocery or Provision trade a good opportunity is offered from March 1st 1867 Apply on the premises feb14tf

Business Lot for Sale

A VERY DESIRABLE BUILDING LOT FOR BUSIness purposes on Front street in business part of the city for sale by PARRISH & ATKINSON
Portland, Feb. 14, 1867. feb14dlm

Notice.

E M BURTON is admitted a partner in the firm of J L PARRISH & CO from date from Jan 1st 1867
J L PARRISH & CO

J. L. PARRISH & CO.,

IMPORTERS
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
BLANK BOOKS, SCHOOL BOOKS
LAW, MEDICAL AND
MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,
AND
Printers' Inks, Cards and Papers.

A FULL AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF
STATIONERY
always on hand

NEW GOODS ARRIVING BY EVERY STEAMER
FROM NEW YORK AND ENGLAND

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE STATE OF
LEROY W. FAIRCHILD & CO'S
CELEBRATED GOLD PENS.
Every Pen sold warranted well made and perfect

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF
GEORGE WOSTENHOLM & SON'S
CELEBRATED I X L CUTLERY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE STATE FOR W W HARDING'S Very Superior "Chain Hook"
Photograph Albums,
Which for BEAUTY and DURABILITY are not equalled by any other manufactured.

PROPRIETORS OF THOSE JUSTLY CELEBRATED "Spencerian"
Letter, Note, Legal Cap and Foolscap PAPERS.

These papers are a New Brand, which we have manufactured expressly for our trade and are far superior to any article heretofore offered to the public.

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF P & J ARNOLD'S CELEBRATED
WRITING FLUID AND COPYING INK.
Persons purchasing from us can at all times rely upon getting the GENUINE ARTICLE

AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF
THADDEUS DAVID'S
LIMPID WRITING FLUID CARMINE AND BLACK INKS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE STATE FOR
Appleton's AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA,
AND
Appleton's ANNUAL CYCLOPEDIA.

OUR STOCK OF
Blank Books and Stationery
is better selected and more complete than that of any other house on the Pacific Coast

Our facilities for purchasing Goods are unsurpassed, and enables us to give better terms to our customers than they can possibly get from other dealers

AGENTS FOR THE
"FLORENCE REVERSIBLE FEED"
Sewing Machines.
These Machines make four different stitches on one and the same machine are very simply constructed, and NEVER GET OUT OF ORDER
We warrant every Machine for ten years.
J. L. PARRISH & CO
ja30dtf Front street Portland.

1867.
KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,
Importers and Commission Merchants,
—OFFER FOR SALE—

PLOWS—A full line of the most approved patterns from all the leading manufacturers.
BELTING—Rubber (with cotton filling) and Leather, all widths also Lace Leather, Copper Burs and Rivets, &c, &c.
MILL STONES—French Burrs, from selected "Old Quarry" blocks, Noyes Portable Mills also, Patent Farina Mills for cracking grain
BOLTING CLOTHS—Old Dutch Baker XX extra, Nos 4 to 10
BUGGIES—Eastern, made to order, different styles
Also, to arrive for Harvest of 1867,
The Largest and most Complete Stock of Farm
IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY
ever brought to the Pacific Coast, embracing all the late and desirable improvements
Letters of inquiry will have prompt attention
Address KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,
Feb 1, 1867 Portland Oregon

SEEDS! SEEDS!!

WE offer as usual a large and well selected stock of PURE, FRESH SEEDS, obtained only from *reliable sources* and *warranted growth of 1866*
Send for our SEED CATALOGUES for 1867
We sell in bulk or in papers—at wholesale or retail, and at lower prices than ever before.

Seeds by Mail.

Orders for Packages—in bulk or papers—weighing not to exceed 4lbs, will be sent to any address, *postage paid*, on receipt of our retail price (in papers, assorted), 12½c per lb or $1 50 per 12 lbs
On hand at all times, large stock ONION SEED AND SETTS TIMOTHY, BLUE GRASS (for Lawns), HUNGARIAN RED TOP RED WHITE and ALSALKA CLOVER &c, &c at market rates and in quantities to suit
To prevent disappointment parties should guard against buying "picked up lots" from irresponsible persons
Orders accompanied with remittances will have prompt attention Greenbacks taken at current rates
KNAPP, BURRELL & CO,
Pioneer Implement and Seed Warehouse,
Feb 1st, 1867 dawlmdp Portland Oregon

GOVERNMENT PROPOSALS

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE
DEPARTMENT OF COLUMBIA
Portland, Oregon Feb 14, 1867

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the above office up to 12 M on the 15th of March 1867 for Transportation of Government Freights over the following routes

1—150 tons more or less from Wallula, W T to Fort Boise I T
2— 75 tons more or less, from Vancouver, W T to Fort Lapwai I T
3— 30 tons more or less, from Wallula, W T to Walla Walla, W T
4— 75 tons more or less from Wallula, W T, to Fort Colville, W T
5— 75 tons more or less, from Dalles, Oregon, to Camp Lyon Oregon
6—150 tons more or less from Dalles, Oregon, to Camp Watson, Oregon

Separate bids required for each Post named and to be marked PROPOSALS FOR TRANSPORTATION
Bids to be in duplicate, and state the price in COIN per POUND Payment to be made by equivalent in Legal Tenders at *day of payment*
Bidders required to give bonds with good and sufficient security for the faithful performance of any contract which may be awarded them under it to a certificate of Contractors and Masters to take the oath of Allegiance All contracts made subject to the approval of the Department and Division Commanders and not in force until approved
Contractors to pay for this advertisement *pro rata*
Bidders are invited to be present at the *opening of the* bids
The right to reject any or all bids is reserved
F D BARRITT
Asst Qr Mr Gen'l
feb16dlm

Mrs. Dr. Mary A. Thomson,

ELECTRICIAN AND ECLECTIC PHYSICIAN

THE ELECTROPATHIC METHOD OF TREATMENT is especially adapted to Chronic diseases such as Rheumatism neuralgia Cancers Paralysis and Epileptic fits Special attention given to Female Complaints
Mrs Thomson has a very superior Inhalator to vaporize the Lungs and Bronchial organs
OFFICE at the residence of J W Cook on First and Ash streets Office hours from 10 to 12 P M jan14d3m

Farm For Sale.

320 ACRES OF GOOD FARMING LAND SITuated five miles east of this city in a good neighborhood Will be sold low for cash Enquire at this office jan30tf

HAY, OATS AND GROUND FEED FOR SALE BY R. H. LAW.

SHINGLES OF SUPERIOR QUALITY FOR SALE BY R. H. LAW

Miscellaneous.

Fourth ANNUAL BALL
OF
THE WASHINGTON GUARD!
TO BE GIVEN AT
ORO FINO HALL,
ON THE EVENING
OF FEBRUARY 22D, 1867.

Committee of Arrangements.

WM YOUNG — ALEX CAMPBELL
JAMES LOTEN — J A THOMAS,
E J JEFFRIES — D CASEY,
CHARLES ZIEGLER, — JOSEPH WEBBER
H COOK JR

Military gentlemen are requested to appear in uniform feb4

L. C. HENRICHSEN,
(*Successor to Jacob Cole*)
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
105 Front St., Portland, Oregon,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC THAT he has just returned from San Francisco with a splendid stock of

CLOCKS!
WATCHES & JEWELRY!

At the store recently occupied by Jacob Cohen (whom he succeeds in business) and where he will keep constantly on hand every article connected with the above business

Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.

Particular attention paid to
DIAMOND SETTING,
Engraving and Enameling.
feb12 d3p1f

HATS! HATS!
MEUSSDORFFER & BRO.,
Manufacturers and Importers of, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
HATS, CAPS,
AND
HATTERS' MATERIALS.
No. 72 Front Street, Portland.

ARE RECEIVING IN ADDITION TO THEIR EXtensive Stock, by every steamer, all the LATEST STYLES of New York, London and Parisian taste, for

Gentlemen's and Children's Wear
Which they will sell
CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE ON THE PACIFIC COAST!

P S—Hats of every Style and Description MADE TO ORDER, also neatly repaired at
nov1dtf2p J G MEUSSDORFFER & BRO

Notice.

THE undersigned have sold their entire stock of Dry Goods Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Groceries &c, to Mr T J CARTER who will continue the business at the old stand, No 89 Front street

Thankful for the patronage we have received from the citizens of Portland and vicinity, we cheerfully recommend them to our successor

All persons indebted to us will please call at the old stand and settle
COHEN, LYON & KAUFMAN,
Dated at Portland, Feb 9, 1867

Referring to the above, I respectfully ask the former patrons of the above firm and the public generally to call and examine a

GENERAL AND WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF
DRY-GOODS,
CLOTHING,
Furnishing Goods!!
GROCERIES, &C.

Which will be sold at the lowest rates
T J CARTER
Portland, Feb 9 1867 feb9dtf

CHAS. HOPKINS,
(*Successor to C W VAUGHN,*)
DEALER IN
Hardware & Cutlery,
IRON AND STEEL,
Blacksmiths' Miners' and Mechanics'
TOOLS, PLOWS,
REAPERS, MOWERS, THRESHERS,
AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY,
No. 116 Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,
oct PORTLAND, OREGON d3p1f

Piano Tuning!

PIANOS TUNED FOR TWO DOLLARS AND A half and Less

Perfect Satisfaction
GIVEN, OR NO CHARGE MADE.

Leave your orders at
W. T. SHANAHAN'S,
Corner of First and Morrison Streets,
Opposite the Western Hotel,
fe7dtf2p Portland, Oregon

Read! Read!!

LADIES' MISSES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES made to measure or order at

SHELBY'S
SHOE AND BOOT STORE,
95 First Street.
CUSTOM WORK ALWAYS ON HAND.

Your patronage is respectfully solicited
fe4dtf A D SHELBY

REMOVAL.
H. GUTHROGE,
Graduate of Pianoforte Conservatorie of Music, San Francisco,
Former Pianist at Maguire's Theatres,
WILL GIVE LESSONS ON THE
VIOLIN, PIANO,
And in VOCAL MUSIC also THOROUGH BASS at Pupil's residences or at his Rooms
On and after Jan. 1st, 1867,
CLASSES IN VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC
Will be formed and receive instruction
No 64 Alder street,
jan1 lm p Corner of Fourth

ASSAY OFFICE!
KING, MYRICK & CO.,
(*Successors to E W Tracy & Co*)
HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE INTEREST OF E. W. TRACY & CO., in their
ASSAY OFFICE,
No. 58 Front Street,
We are prepared to continue the Business of ASSAYING GOLD DUST ORES &c MARK A KING
Portland April 10th 1866 JOSIAH MYRICK
ap10d1y tf EDWARD WEBB

A FINE LOT OF FAT AND FRESH
SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS!
Just received at THE GEM.
nov1dtf

Auction and Commission.

OSCAR KILBOURN,
AUCTIONEER,
No. 130 Front St., Cor. of Yamhill,
AUCTION SALES—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS
OF
Real Estate Stock, Furniture, Horses, and General Merchandise.

SPECIAL SALES attended to in any part of the City
LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made on Consignments
A General Assortment of MERCHANDISE on hand at PRIVATE SALE AT AUCTION PRICES

LOUIS WORMSER — WM MEYER
JESSE WILLIS — JESSE W SMITH
San Francisco — New York

WM. MEYER & CO.,
Corner of Sacramento and Sansome Sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO,
MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF
THE BEST MADE
MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING
EVER OFFERED ON THE PACIFIC COAST
—CONSISTING OF—
Men's French Beaver Suits,
Men's French Cassimere Suits,
Men's Union Cassimere Suits,
French Black Cloth Frock Coats,
French Brown and Olive Frock Coats,
French Black Doeskin Pants.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
FRENCH CASSIMERE PANTS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
UNION CASSIMERE PANTS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
SATINET PANTS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Cottonade Pants.
DUSTERS AND LINEN SACK COATS.
HEAVY LINEN DUCK DUSTERS,
HEAVY SPANISH LINEN DUSTERS,
HEAVY LINEN SACK COATS,
HEAVY LINEN SUITS,
WHITE LINEN DUCK SUITS
OVERALLS, JUMPERS,
Duck Pants and
Traveling Shirts,
EVER MADE FOR THIS MARKET.
COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Boys' Clothing.
COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
Furnishing Goods.
SOLE AGENTS OF
THOMAS ATKINSON'S SHIRTS,
WHICH ARE FAR SUPERIOR IN QUALITY AND FIT TO ANY OTHER SHIRT IN MARKET

We respectfully invite the Trade to examine our stock
WM. MEYER & CO.,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets,
ja23d3m2p SAN FRANCISCO

INCORPORATED..... JAN. 18TH, 1866.
OREGON IRON WORKS,
Corner Morrison and Seventh Sts.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS COMPANY HAVE LATELY ENLARGED their Works and by the introduction of the most improved Machinery and Tools, are fully able to compete with any Iron Works on this coast, both in the character of work, and their facilities for executing contracts and orders promptly for any kind of Machinery required, embracing—
MARINE, STATIONARY and PORTABLE ENGINES and IRON SHIPS;
BATTERIES of any required weight,
WHIPPLE & RANDALL'S FOUNTAIN, and MOORE'S GRINDERS and AMALGAMATORS,
Hungerford's CONCENTRATORS, SHOES and DIES;
FLOURING and SAW-MILL WORK,
PORTABLE STEAM SAW-MILLS,
LAFFEL MYER'S AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEELS
Shafting and Pulleys Iron Fronts Doors and Shutters, and all kinds of Machinery and Castings.
For the convenience of parties ordering Machinery of us we furnish at the lowest market prices, Battery Screens, Copper Plates, Leather and Rubber Belting
A. C. GIBBS, Pres't.
Portland October 20 1866 oc15dtf

NEW YORK
BOOT AND SHOE STORE!
MESSRS GRABENHEIM & COHEN TAKE

pleasure in announcing to the public that they have opened the above named store in this city, where they are now opening a large and selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
Ladies', Misses' and
Children's Wear, &c.

We invite the public to examine our stock
GRABENHEIM & COHEN
ja24d2ptf 89 First Street Portland, Oregon

JUST RECEIVED!
A. H. WHITE,
No. 119 Front Street,
IS NOW RECIEVING BY EVERY STEAMER
Large Additions to his Extensive Stock of
Boots, Shoes, Gaiters,
and all other Goods in his line among which are
SEIBERLICH & BURT'S
MILES, GODFREY'S
AND BENNERT'S
LATEST STYLES
Call in and examine the Stock, opposite the New Columbian Hotel
nov5dtf

Fifty
FARM WAGONS
FOR SALE!
Utica Made,
Wood Axles,
Thimble Skeins;
AXLES 2 1-2 AND 3, 3 1-2 AND 4

and Commission.
RICHARDSON,
IONEER
Front and Oak Streets.
TION SALES
GROCERIES GENERAL
EDDIE AND HORSES
Wednesday and Saturday.
A B RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.
rivate Sale.
INAD BAR and BUNDLE IRON;
ARE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL;
, RIVETS, RASPS, SAWS;
PANS, SHEET IRON, R G IRON.
ALSO
tment of GROCERIES & LIQUORS
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.
Large and
IPTORY SALE
OF
o and Pipes,
TS, SHOES,
es, Furniture
Merchandise, &c.
FEBRUARY 16, 1867,
at 10 o'clock A. M.
OBACCO—1,375 lbs;
N. L. TOBACCO—1,112 lbs,
Pipes.
SCHAUM PIPES;
ots and Shoes.
GOAT BALMORAL GAITERS;
CONGRESS
ALSO:
in. SEWED BOOTS—8-11,
S COAL BOOTS—8-12;
roceries.
MACARONI;
VERMACELLA;
Soap:
GENUINE CASTILE SOAP;
C. O SOAP;
HILL'S SOAP,
Tea:
JAPAN TEA;
YOUNG HYSON;
Sugar:
ROSHED SUGAR,
do do
do NO. 1 ISLAND SUGAR;
Rice.
NO. 1 CHINA RICE;
Beans.
MAYO BEANS;
WHITE do
Brahmas.
CALIFORNIA HEGOMS, No. 1;
do do No. 2;
do do No. 3,
Furniture:
Bed-Room and
Kitchen Furniture,
ALSO,
OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN
ENGLISH ALE;
" PORTER.
R. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.
M AND NEW GOODS!
STEINHEISER,
ssor to Gerstle & Reinhardt,)
LA GRANDE, OREGON,
EASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO HIS
d customers that he has removed from
the corner he lately occupied by Gerstle
d that he is just receiving an
ELY NEW STOCK
OF
Y GOODS,
CLOTHING,
ES and SHOES,
ts an l Caps,
RIES, NOVISIONS,
liquors, &c.
nd takes pleasure in thanking his many
omers for their past liberal patronage,
e fullest to merit a equal share of the
D. STEINHEISER.
egon, Dec. 1st, 1866. 23p6m
CCO. CIGARS.
H. & CO.,
ront Street, San Francisco,
OLE IMPORTERS
LOWING BRANDS OF TOBACCO
may in the Market:
LACH Offering;
UIT BASKET;
ARL Offering;
OLDEN CHARM
FESTAL;
GHT PRESSED NATURAL LEAF,
tion. Also, by every Steamer, Imp
ER HAVANA CIGARS,
In Bond or Duty Paid.
WELL & CO.,
226 Front Street San Francisco.
ARD SOAP CO.'S
CONCENTRATED
ING POWDER
DER IS SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER
mpounds for Washing and Cleaning.
re material and contains nothing that will
t fabric. Equally as good for using in
ater. No soap ever required to be used
r. One Pound will make Three Gal
of Soap. It is put up in wrappers of 1 lb.
es of 10 lbs. bulk, with directions
ocers. Manufactured at
207 Commercial St., San Francisco
OAP CO. also Manufacture all Kinds
FAMILY SOAPS, equal to Eastern Mak
dec8w3p6d
, LORD & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
BRANDIES, WHISKIES,
ETC ETC.
FRONT STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO,
EATS FOR THE PACIFIC
the celebrated WINES, etc., of
ANDON!
ERG FRERES, Bordeaux;
& CO., Mayence-on-the-
GHAUS, Suits.
eceived a large shipment of Wines from
parties—consisting of
ndon's Wine Imperial, Verre-
iglais, Fleur de Sillery.
Co's Hierstciner, Hockheim-
Moselle, Sparkling Scharf-
rg Freres' St. Julien, La
Larguex, Chat. Yquem, Chat-
ho, Lanterues.
haus' Burgundies, Chablis,
bertin.
our friends is called to these very su-
ch we offer at the lowest rates.
superior OLIVE OIL, in Cases.
NUDD, LORD & CO.,
Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.
OR SODA WORKS!
& PHILLIPS, Proprietors,
DEALERS IN
E BRANDIES,
ALE & PORTER,
e Cider, Soda Beer, &c.
FACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
DA WATER and GINGER POP.
h Ale and Porter filled in bulk or by
oct6tf
Removed.
RKEY HAS REMOVED TO NO.
treet, one block south of the O. S. S.
where he is prepared to do HOUSE,
SIGN PAINTING, PAPER HANG-
ING and
GLAZING.
feb9d1m

The Daily Oregonian.
SATURDAY MORNING, FEB. 16, 1867.

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates. ..... 73@73½
New York Gold Quotations 134

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN is published this morning. It contains the latest telegraphic news from the East and California—a selection of the best articles appearing in THE DAILY OREGONIAN,—full and reliable news from the Mines, and the most copious commercial information published by any paper in the State.

The average amount of reading matter in the WEEKLY OREGONIAN is double that published by any other journal in Oregon, and in the particular of Commercial statistics and the Markets we aim to make it the most reliable more especially in matters pertaining to Oregon interests.

☞ Single copies 12½ cents, or $3 00 per year, to any part of the United States, or British Columbia.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.—The Council met on Friday evening. His Honor, the Mayor in the chair.

Present—Councilmen Hallock, Lownsdale, O'Connor, Rosenheim, Carter and Zelber.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE MAYOR.

A Message from the Mayor was read, returning with it his approval the ordinance extending the time for performance of contract for filling the valley at the old bridge.

The question being taken on the passage of the ordinance, notwithstanding the veto, Messrs Carter, Lownsdale, O'Connor and Rosenheim, voted yeas and Messrs Hallock and Zelber voted nay so the ordinance was lost.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from W. C. Breen, foreman of Columbian Engine Company No. 2, representing that the stairs of their house are constantly receiving damage from the fall of water from an adjoining roof. Referred to the committee on Fire and Watery with instructions to inquire into the matter, and if, in their opinion necessary, to take such action as to obviate the damage.

A communication from J. J. Hoffman, City Recorder, as follows:

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council of the City of Portland: At the last meeting of the Council the Special Committee, to whom was referred the Mayor's Message, made a report in which it is alleged that

"The expense of maintaining the Recorder's Court is now the greatest 'incubus' on the tax payers, and demands the special attention of the Council.

"The revenues derived from fees by the Recorder and Marshal may be summed up as follows

Fees of Recorder, warrants drawn last year	$2,300 02
Fees received from county, about	1,100 00
Fees received from civil cases, estimated	1,000 00
Total receipts of Recorder	$4,400 02

"Which amount is nearly double the salary of the District Judge.

"The Marshal's fees and receipts sum up as follows:

Warrants on Recorder's Court fund		$2,429 21
Warrants on fund of fees not otherwise provided for		843 23
Warrants for witnesses on Council		150 00
For collection of delinquent taxes, about		500 00
Received from county, about		1,600 00
Civil cases before Recorder, estimated		1,000 00
Salaries of two deputies to help him		2,400 00
Profits on board of city prisoners		400 00
Amounting to		$9,022 54

And in the aggregate, for both these offices, to $13,431 56

"This great amount is indeed 'an incubus' on the tax-payers."

In answer to that portion of the above report concerning the Recorder, the following statement is made, showing the whole amount of money collected and paid to the City and County Treasurers, and the whole amount of fees paid to the Recorder, and the necessary expenses of the Recorder's Court as to clerk hire and printing for the year 1866:

Fines and costs collected by the Recorder, and by him paid to O. P. Ferry, City Treasurer, for the year aforesaid $2,328 25
Whole amount of fees paid the Recorder for services as City Recorder ..... $ 309 01

Leaving a balance in favor of the city ..... $ 19 24

"I, E. Wilcox, Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland, do hereby certify that, during the year 1866, there was paid to J. J. Hoffman, City Recorder, out of the City Treasury the sum of $2,309 00, and that during the same period the said recorder paid into the City Treasury the sum of $2,328 25, arising from fines and fees collected in said Recorder's Court, as appears by the books and papers now on file in my office.

E. WILCOX,
Auditor and Clerk:

Portland, Feb. 14, 1867.

"I hereby certify that the above statement is correct; that the amounts paid, above stated, were in gold coin

O. P. FERRY, City Treasurer

Attest, Feb. 14, 1867. [Five-cent stamp.]

"I, the Recorder out of the above fees for ... [illegible] ... city warrants, subpœnas, jury orders, etc. $201 00
Paid for recording judgments in the City Records, and for making transcripts thereof $454 00
Total $655 00
Which deducted from $2,309 01, the fees paid the Recorder by the city as aforesaid, leaves the Recorder the sum of $1,625 01, which is the net amount received for services as City Recorder.
State fines collected by the Recorder including money forfeited to the State, when acting as a Justice of the Peace, and by him paid to the county of Multnomah for the year 1866,
Paid in U. S. Gold Coin $560 00
Paid in Legal Tenders $315 00
Total $1,315 00

STATE OF TENNESSEE OF MULTNOMAH COUNTY, OSS.,
Portland, Feb. 14th, 1867.

This is to certify that J. J. Hoffman, Recorder and ex-officio Justice of the Peace of the City of Portland, according to my books and papers on file in my office, has paid to the County of Multnomah, the sum of thirteen hundred and fifteen dollars, of which five hundred was paid in coin and eight hundred and fifteen in currency, during the year 1866.

D. W. WILLIAMS,
County Treasurer.

The Recorder received from Multnomah county for services as Justice of the Peace, as reported by the Special Committee $1,100 00
The Recorder paid out of this sum for printed State warrants, subpœnas, jury orders, etc. $124 00
Paid Clerk for recording State Judgments, and for making out transcripts for the Circuit Court in cases wherein the parties (defendants) are held to answer $250 00
Total $374 00
Which sum deducted from the $1,100 above mentioned leaves the net amount received (as Justice of the Peace) for the above mentioned services $726 00

"Net amount of fees received by the Recorder, acting as Justice of the Peace, and paid by one or the other of the litigating parties in civil actions. (The people can never be taxed to pay such fees.)

Fees in civil cases paid the Recorder in Legal Tender notes $95, equivalent in Coin to $59 35
Fees in civil cases paid the Recorder in Legal Tender notes $24, the sum paid for printed blanks, such as writs of attachment, etc., leaves the sum of $15 35
Fees received by the Recorder in cases commenced under Section 316 of the Criminal Code paid in Legal Tender notes $85, equivalent in coin to $62 05
Ditto, paid cases $50, Legal Tenders, equivalent in coin to $42 85
Total $151 25

RECAPITULATION

City and county receipts from the Recorders' Court for the year 1866:

Paid to City Treasurer by the Recorder	$2,328 25
Paid to Multnomah county by the Recorder	1,315 00
Total	$3,643 25

Eight hundred and fifteen dollars of the amount paid to the county was in U. S. legal tenders.

The receipts derived from fees by the Recorder in city, State and civil cases are as follows:

Fees as City Recorder for 1866	$2,309 01
Received from the county	1,100 00
Net legal fees, civil cases	62 05
Received for cases compromised	43 35
Total	$3,634 26

The expenses to be deducted from the above are as follows:

Paid for printing city warrants, etc	$200 00
Paid for clerk hire for recording judgments, making out transcripts, etc	454 00
Paid for printing State warrants, etc.	124 00
Paid for clerk hire upon State cases	250 00
Paid for printed blanks in civil cases	24 00
	$1,082 00

Total amount of net receipts of the Recorder for the trial of city, State and civil cases $2,502 26

The Common Council has nothing to do whatever with State cases determined in the Recorder's Court. These cases are regulated by State laws and as long as crimes are committed and the laws of the State are violated, State trials will occur, and the expenses are to the county of Multnomah for such trials will and must occur. If such cases are not tried before the Recorder, they will be tried in some other court, and the county must still pay the expenses thereof.

What is it to tax-payers if they must pay the sum of $1,100 for the trial of State cases, whether the Recorder gets the whole amount thereof, or whether it is distributed among the other courts of the city of Portland.

It must be admitted that the County of Multnomah has received a considerable fund from the Recorder's Court.

The "Special Committee" allege in their report that the Marshal of the city of Portland received for "civil cases before the Recorder fees amounting to the sum of $1,000." This statement of the "committee" is incorrect. The Marshal receives no fees in civil cases except those paid him by the Recorder. The Recorder paid the Marshal $88 30 fees in civil cases for the year 1866. Very few civil cases are tried in the Recorder's Court.

The "Special Committee" could have ascertained from the record of civil cases in the Recorder's Court, in five minutes' time, the exact amount of fees in civil cases received by the Recorder and Marshal, and the "Special Committee" can show no excuse for slumming up the Recorder and Marshal's fees in civil cases at $1,000 each unless it be that facts derived from the record would not answer the "Committee's" purpose as well as *estimated*.

Where do the "Special Committee" find law for taxing the people to pay the fees in civil contests between Tom, Dick and Harry before justices of the peace? The "Special Committee's" persuation to that portion of their report concerning the Recorder's Court is as follows:

"*This great amount* ($13,431 56, which includes the fictitious *estimated* $2,000 that the Recorder and Marshal never received for the trial of civil cases, and even if they did the people never could be taxed for any such purpose. One or the other of the litigating parties pay such fees when they are paid) *is indeed an incubus on the tax payers.*"

"*Incubus*" (the night-mare); a sensation of a distressing weight at the chest or stomach during sleep, and of an impossibility of motion, speech or respiration, from which one wakes in terror after extreme anxiety.—See Webster's dictionary, page 678.)

The "*incubus*" stricken tax payers of the city of Portland are cordially invited by the Recorder to call at the office of the City Auditor, and it is submitted that the statement copied from the city books in that office as hereinafter set forth will be found by such tax payers to be absolutely correct and remove the "*incubus*" at once.

The question is what sum did the tax payers pay the city of Portland to maintain the Recorder's Court in the year 1866

STATEMENT OF EXPENSES AND RECEIPTS OF THE RECORDER'S COURT FOR THE YEAR 1866

Total amount paid J. J. Hoffman City Recorder	$2,309 01	
" " " Jos. Hyde, City Marshal	1,415 50	
" " " Board of Prisoners	942 60	
" " " John H. Ward Dep'y Marshal	1,200 00	
" " " Philip Saunders, Dep'y Mar'l	1,200 00	
" " " Jurors, Witnesses' fees etc	22 90	
Total ...	$7,741 51	
From which deduct the sum paid into the City Treasury by the City Recorder, fines and fees collected in the Recorder's Court for the year 1866	2,328 25	
Leaving the sum of	$5,413 26	

The exact amount paid by the city tax payers towards maintaining the Recorder's Court, including $2,200 paid the two Deputy Marshals for the year 1866

The foregoing is respectfully submitted

J. J. HOFFMAN,
Recorder of the City of Portland

February 15th, 1867

The communication was ordered to be placed on file.

A communication was received from H. L. Hoyt City Marshal, as follows:

To the Hon. Mayor and Common Council of City of Portland—GENTLEMEN—Your Committee on Mayor's Message, in making their report to your honorable body on the subject of "Fees and Receipts of the Marshal," for 1866 has saddled an "incubus" on my shoulders in the shape of $1,022 54, which statement is so utterly absurd, and its motives so transparent, that I first intended to pass it in silence; but the part it takes in this high behest of your honorable body and the public whom I serve, and also justice to myself, compels me to make the following explanation and relieve myself of part of the burden I shall not attempt to account for any moneys for expenditures over which I have no control—except to allude to an item of police expenditure—but by a plain statement of facts and figures will show you what my profits have been as Marshal in 1866; and will also state that the greater part of the fees of the Marshal are derived in the way of penalties that persons can avoid paying if they obey the laws, and therefore are not such a great "incubus" on the tax-payer. I refer you to the Recorder's report for the amount of money collected of persons arrested and brought before him

This city has under my control six efficient Deputy Marshals doing police duty, and by an arrangement of mine I divide a certain portion of my fees with some of them, so that the actual cost to tax-payers for policemen, aside from the fees of the Marshal, is only $2,400 a year drawn from the City Treasury.

The following account taken from the books of the Auditor will show the total amount of warrants drawn in my name in 1866, also, will show the profits derived from said warrants.

Warrants for fees in Recorder's Court, 1866	$2368 05	
Expense paid deputies	$430 00	
" " private detectives	125 00	
Sundry sums paid at different times, (about)	30 00	
Loss by warrant paid in greenbacks	33 00	615 00 $1455 05
Nett proceeds as Chief Police ..		
Warrants for board of prisoners	$942 00	
Expense, cattings of committee about correct	542 00	
Nett proceeds for services as Jailor		400 00
Warrants for killing dogs	412 00	
Expense paid for killing	309 60	
Net proceeds		103 00
Warrants for care of Council Chamber &c	295 00	
Expense—estimated	107 00	
Nett proceeds		188 00
Warrants for deeds of property sold city	70 23	
Expense—about	25 00	
Nett proceeds		45 23
Nett proceeds drawn from Treasury by warrants		$2191 28
Nett proceeds of delinquent tax roll of 1865		350 00
" " " street assessments (not reported by Committee)		250 00
Total nett proceeds as Marshal for 1866		$2321 28

In regard to the fees received as Constable (which office I hold until July by virtue of being elected by the people) I do not think it necessary to give you a statement, for in my opinion that is a matter over which a different body of men have control, and if the County Commissioners are a proper tribunal to pass upon it, I certainly shall have no objection, for it makes little difference to the tax payer whether the fees in certain criminal cases are paid to the Sheriff or Constable; but I cannot help mentioning the egregious errors your committee have made in their estimates when they put my fees in civil cases at $100, when the actual figures as taken from the docket are $88 30 in greenbacks.

My whole time is devoted to the business pertaining to my office, and I have endeavored to execute the laws as I find them, without fear or favor, and I think any candid man will bear me out in saying that thisclty, relying into security from false and fraudulent claims by floating population, is as efficiently policed as any city of its size on this coast, and with less expense to the tax payers.

I cannot leave this subject without acknowledging the valuable services rendered the city by officers Ward and Saunders, whom it is proposed to remove. I have always found them prompt, willing, vigilant, ever on the alert to detect and arrest crime, on duty from 16 to 18 hours daily, thus rendering the services of three men, and if the city loses their services, it will be a loss indeed.

H. L. HOYT, Marshal of Portland.

The communication was ordered to be placed on file.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

The Committee on Streets and Public Property, to whom was referred the petition for improvement of Fourth street, reported favorably thereupon and recommended the publication of the usual notice. The report was adopted and the notice ordered published. Improvement to extend from center of A to center of Harrison streets.]

The same committee presented a report in favor of improving Front street from the centre of Harrison to the line of Carruther's land claim. Report adopted, and the usual notice ordered published.

The same committee reported that the contractor, Chas. Stewart, has finished sidewalk on the west side of block 182, and recommended that a warrant be drawn for the payment of $231 10, the contract price. The report was adopted and the warrant ordered drawn.

The Judiciary Committee to whom was referred the petition of A. M. Giles for reduction of license rates for peddlers, reported adversely. The report was adopted.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE CITY.

The following claims were presented: Portland Gas Co., for gas for streets and council chamber, for the month of January, $335 77. Laid on the table for lack of an appropriation.

Portland Water Works, for water for the month of January, $50. Laid on the table.

A Sharkey, for glazing in Council chamber, $1 50 Ordered paid.

P. J. McGowan, fees as witness in Recorder's court, two days, $3. Referred to the Committee on Accounts and Current Expenses.

Philip Saunders and J. P. Ward, Deputy Marshals, salary for January, $100 each. Laid on the table.

E. Wilcox, Auditor and Clerk, salary for January, $125. Laid on the table.

Blumauer & Rosenblatt, rent of Council chamber for January, $70. Laid on the table.

READING OF ORDINANCES.

An ordinance to amend ordinance No. 170—to regulate licenses, was read first and second times and, under a suspension of the rules, a third time, and passed, yeas, all present—6 [Fixes auctioneers' license, for a quarter, day auctions, $40; day and night auctions, $70. All are deemed auctioneers who sell at public outcry.]

An ordinance authorizing the appointment of Deputy Marshal. [By Marshal; salary, $100 per month.] Read first and second time.

The ordinance making appropriations for the year 1867, was read the third time, and passed by the following vote

YEAS—Messrs. Carter, Lownsdale, O'Conner, Rosenheim and Zelber.

NAY—Mr. Hallock.

The ordinances levying taxes for the year 1867, was read the third time and further consideration postponed till next meeting

The ordinance authorizing the contracts with the Portland Gas Company for lighting the street lamps for the year 1867, was read the third time, and passed without dissent

The ordinance to amend ordinance 166, fixing salary of City Attorney, was read the third time.

Mr. Lownsdale moved that its further consideration be indefinitely postponed. After a lengthy discussion the vote was taken, and the President, Mr. Zelber, in the Chair, declared the question lost

The ordinance being put upon its passage, was lost by four years and two nays

The Council adjourned.

CLOSING EXERCISES AT THE ACADEMY.—We had the pleasure of visiting the Academy and Female Seminary during the closing exercises of the term, held yesterday afternoon, being the last day of an examination, commenced several days ago. The programme arranged for yesterday afternoon was as follows: 1st music, 2d history, 3d music, 4th natural philosophy, Intermission 5th declamation and song, 6th "The Bee," 7th music, 8th "Wand Exercise," 9th "The Daisy," 10th music, 11th reports We arrived as the class in philosophy was reciting. The demonstrations and explanations were excellent and evinced a thorough knowledge of that branch of study, so far as the pupils had advanced. After intermission the examination proceeded as specified, and in every particular the pupils reflected credit upon themselves and their tutors. The reading of "The Bee," a paper edited by the boys, was a good effort at compositon, and its contemporary, "The Daisy," edited by the young ladies, was equally good. The article on "The Looking-glass," and the obituary notice of Eliza Ransdale, were productions that deserve special mention, we think. The declamations and music were also very good We admire the taste of Mr Gatch, the principal, who has introduced the "Wand Exercise" as conducive to the health and proper physical development of the scholars—particularly young ladies We must take occasion to remark that the discipline was unexceptionable, as the reports clearly evidenced scarcely a single scholar falling below the maximum standard in deportment. Passing out we took occasion to examine the Grayon sketches of the pupils Many of them presented unmistakable evidence of artistic taste and skill, and were certainly flattering to the teacher, and should encourage her to new efforts. A number of the parents and friends of the students met. We think nothing contributes so much to the encouragement of teachers and scholars as to see, on the part of our citizens, sufficient interest to induce them to visit the schools of our city, at least occasionally, and we sincerely hope they will improve every opportunity to do so.

"NAOS"—Our friend and fellow citizen, Geo Knagg, Esq., purser of the O S N Co's Cascades and Dalles boats, arrived in this city last night George seems to have increased his fleshly system a good deal since we last saw him. Some person has given him a *cameo* pin representing two homes rampant. As this is intended, no doubt, as a gun upon his name we expected to find him *horse*-ritle, but were equally surprised to learn that he was pleased thereat He reports everything quiet on on the upper Columbia, with fine prospects for the spring trade

WILLAMETTE THEATRE.—This theatre opens to-night with the Tanner troupe. The charming little Soldiad, assisted by numerous auxiliaries, will appear in an entire new budget.

NOTICE.—The party who paid, on the 9th inst, the county tax of L. H. Wakefield, will please call at the sheriff's office.

ODD FELLOW'S VISIT TO OREGON CITY.—On Thursday evening, about forty of the Odd Fellows of this city, accompanied by Mr. Wm Morton, the R. W. Grand Master of the Grand Lodge, paid a visit to the Ore. in City Lodge They were received at the wharf by the members of Oregon City Lodge, and escorted to the Hall in due form, where the Lodge held a business meeting. After which the visitors and entertainers marched to the Odd Fellow House where were the fraternal lady friends of the members, and all sat down to supper, if called by the gentlemen of the house, which was without the best thing in the way of a large supper of the kind we have seen for years. The Odd Fellow people know exactly how to do that sort of thing. After the supper was over those who may be assembled in the room, and no doubt others who were present, were favored with a short address by Mr. Morton, which was highly appropriate and appreciated by all. Excuse me, but I am exceedingly happy to say that many of the visitors were peculiarly appropriate in the remarks and the responses were such as to elicit the general good humor and friendliness which prevailed. At twelve o'clock, after a good deal of whistling, in which the Captain of the *Alert* was kindly assisted, the guests were prevailed upon to start homeward. The visit was certainly one of the most pleasant in every respect that we ever remember to have joined in. Oregon City Odd Fellows understand the secret of happily entertaining guests. In this opinion, every one who accompanied the excursion will join.

FROM TILLAMOOK.—Hon John Howard arrived in this city yesterday, having been several days in making the trip from Tillamook. He reports snow on the mountains to the depth of 3 and 4 feet He and his companions had a very rough trip out, those in both directions, but not hard enough everywhere to bear them up. They frequently broke through, going down sometimes to the armpits and frequently below the surface. The snow had prevented the carriage of the mails for several months, and rendering that time the people of Tillamook had but little heard from the outer world, a single word. Sir Squires, the mail contractor had made five different efforts to get through from this side, but the difficulties were too great to be overcome. On Wednesday he started again, taking a man with him They intended to cross the mountains where there were several, on their backs * * * The schooner *J. C. Champion*, arrived at Tillamook something more than a day ago, having been at sea thirty days after leaving Neah Bay. She made eight different attempts to get in across the bar, and on the eighth, struck in the surf and The wind falling, the oars were resorted to, but the sea soon broke and she commenced floating, out to sea helpless, when Capt Collins went in her assistance from the shore It is greatly due to his efforts that the *Champion* did not again float out to sea.

DOCTOR'S GANG PLOW.—Mr J H. Douthit, of Linn county, patentee of a new gang plow, has one of them now at the Oregon Iron Works in this city Negotiations are in progress between the company and Mr Douthit for the manufacture of these plows at the Oregon Iron Works. A trial of it on the farm of Mr Coffin, on Thursday was eminently satisfactory, Mr C. pronouncing it in every respect superior to any gang plow now in use. Anybody boy or man, who can drive a team, can manage it easily. It is provided with a contrivance for raising the gang out of the ground, one for holding it in the ground when disposed to run out, another for running deep or shallow at will—all worked by merely depressing levers with the foot. It has, also, a contrivance for marking the land out in furrow, and another to regulate the standard depth Provision is made against accident by running against stones or other obstructions under ground There are two plows capable of cutting 12 inches each, but which may be cut in half that The whole machine is designed for three horses, but four may be used at pleasure

THE JOHN MCNEAR.—The *John McNear* arrived yesterday morning from Victoria From her Memoranda we condense the following Left Victoria, February 8th at 7 A. M., entered Neah Bay at 4 P. M., rough weather with gales and heavy sea till the 12th weighed anchor on the 13th at 10 30 A. M.; at 12 midnight, abreast Shoalwater bay, at 4 A. M., on the 14th, lay to off Cape Disappointment; crossed the bar at 8 A. M., arrived at Astoria at 10.30 A. M., arrived at Portland on the 15th at 4 A. M. The *McNear* is registered a fraction over 150 tons burthen and has state room accomodations for about 50 passenger, but she has often taken from 60 to 70. She was built at San Francisco in 1862, for an opposition boat to run between San Francisco and Petaluma. With some alterations and refitting she will answer the purposes of the trade here very well, though she is not reputed to be very fast.

"PUBLIC ADDRESS"—Mr. John S. Wright announces by posters that he will deliver a "public address" at Oro Fino Hall on Monday evening on the entirely original subject of "Ladies' Rights." We are glad to learn that John S. has consented to elucidate this difficult subject, and we are only sorry that he has not included in his programme, a proper consideration of the rights of women and of females. Nothing, though, we have no right to suggest that John has omitted or will omit to mention these particular species in connection with the idea of rights, and it may be that he will not only explain in a satisfactory manner, what are the "rights" alluded to, but also the precise difference between "ladies," women and females Let us hope so John, we appeal to you to settle, at once and forever, those mixed questions

MOVING FOR A ROAD.—It is understood that the people of Tualitin Plains are agitating the project of building a road from that part of the country to the City of Portland As we have it, they propose a joint stock company of sufficient capital to construct a macadamized road wherever it can be procured conveniently, and to lay plank elsewhere. It would be greatly to the advantage of the Plains as well as of Portland to have such a road, and as it would of course be a toll road, stock in it would doubtless be good.

A SEVERE FALL.—A son of Mr. W L. Adams, of Astoria, came up on the *Fidelity* from which he landed at about four o'clock this morning, on the P. A. Co's wharf, and started to come up town. It being quite dark he stepped into a hole where a plank had been removed for repairs, and fell against the opposite planking, breaking one rib and probably fracturing another, on the right side He was brought up town this morning, and is receiving proper care.

A PLEASANT VISIT.—We understand that Gen Steele, Capt Howard, Mr. Weidler and others, made a visit yesterday to the Oregon Co.'s Iron Works at Oswego. The weather conspired with a concatenation of circumstances to make this a peculiarly pleasant, unusually happy and immensely jolly one. We understand the party returned highly delighted with the trip

A TRIAL.—A match was to have come off yesterday at 11 o'clock between the Vancouver fire engine and the engine belonging to the garrison. The latter, however, proved not to be in working order, and the trial was deferred until it could be put in repair. The Vancouver engine worked well, much better even than was anticipated.

CITIZENS' COURSE OF LECTURES.—The third lecture of the Citizens' Course will be delivered to-night at Oro Fino Hall by Hon. W. W. Upton. Subject: The perpetuity of individual influence The lecture will begin at seven o'clock. Tickets for the evening, 50 cents, to be had at the door.

TRIED IT AND LIKES IT.—The Oregon Iron Works was yesterday preparing to ship one of their portable saw mills to Messrs Smith & Ecklor, Lebanon, Linn Co Mr Smith had tried one of them before, and this second order indicates that he likes the cutter—we mean the mill.

THE NEW WORLD.—This steamer, Capt. Windsor informs us, will start for the Sound next Wednesday morning, if she bean o got ready The officers and crew who sailed the *McNear* around will sail her to her destination.

WILLAMETTE FRIENDS.—Arrived per *Alert*, Feb. 15th 228 sks oats, 1,834 qr sks flour, 803 boxes apples, 22 boxes eggs, 1 bale furs, 8 rolls leather, 185 sks feed, 3 kbf bbls butter, 1 dressed hog, 33 hides.

APPROPRIATION FOR A STEAM ENGINE.—The general appropriation ordinance passed last evening, contains an appropriation of $5,000, for the purpose of purchasing a steam fire engine for Protection Engine Co. No 4.

LECTURE.—Rt. Rev. Bishop Scott will deliver a lecture before the Young Men's Law Association of this city on Tuesday evening, at the court house. The subject will be announced hereafter.

COURT MARTIAL.—A general court martial convened at Fort Vancouver on Friday, with Brevet Major General Elliott, President, and Lieut J. Barrows, Judge Advocate

RECORDER'S COURT.—Joshua Wilkinson, for threatening the life of his wife, was committed in default of $500 bail, to await the action of the grand jury

REVENUE CUTTER COMING.—The U. S. Revenue Cutter, *Lincoln*, left Victoria Thursday evening for Portland She may be expected to night or to-morrow.

THE "ORIFLAMME."—The telegraphic dispatches have an allusion to a contemplated trip of this steamer down the Mexican coast

TO SAIL.—The *Fidelster* will sail for Victoria to-morrow morning at 8 o'clock

GOING FAST.—Barman Bros will commence moving their large stock of goods to Vaughn's brick next Monday. But their numerous customers are already rapidly moving their goods for them, apparently to save them the trouble.

WM. KOEHLER,
DENTIST.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE removed to the Southwest corner of FRONT and YAMHILL Streets, opposite E J Northrup's Hardware store
Appreciating the most liberal patronage by my friends and the public generally, during my residence in this city, I hope and take pleasure by diligent attention and skillful treatment to merit the same continued as heretofore
N. B.—To strangers I would say, that a constant experience in Dental Practice for the last 5 years in this city, will be a sufficient guarantee for them to receive a First-Class and Finished Piece of Work. Numerous testimonials to the same can be given at the office
Dental Consultation and Advice Free of Charge to all.
oct6d3tf
G. W. COOL,
Office, Carter's New Building,
Corner of Front and Alder Streets dec17 1ptf

Marine Intelligence.

ARRIVED

Portland, February 15th—Steamer *Fidelster*, M C Erskine Commander, from Victoria, February 13th.

MEMORANDA

Per steamer *Fidelster*—Left Victoria February 11th at 10 A. M., crossed Columbia river bar on the 14th at 9 A. M., arrived at Astoria at 10 30 A. M., and left at 12 M., steamer *Jane McNear* at Astoria. At 1 A. M., February 15th, arrived at Portland

PASSENGERS

Per steamer *Fidelster*—Isaiher Tierney, Mr Chase, D W Hardenburg, E J Nesbitt, W G Halford, Rev A Ladd, John Brown, T Saunderson, T Greenough, J Macelwell, J McGregor, T Hunter and 3 others

CONSIGNEES

Per steamer *Fidelster*—Allen & Lewis, 1 pkge, A B Richardson, 103 packages, W H Grey, 1 pkge.

PORTLAND ACADEMY AND FEMALE SEMINARY.
The Third Quarter under present management will begin Monday February 18th, 1867 For circular containing full information, address the Principal
C. H. HACK,
DENTIST,
Assisted by J. H. HATCH, D. D. S., Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery
The patronage of those who desire and can appreciate FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS is especially solicited
OFFICE—Washington St., corner of Front, Parrish's Block, up stairs
N. B.—NITROUS OXIDE administered for the extraction of teeth without pain. It is the safest and most agreeable agent for this purpose ever discovered
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DENTAL ROOMS,
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STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS.
For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS
The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will Remove the severest Cold Also,
Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.
Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00 Warm Baths, 50 cents.
CHAS F WIEGAND, Proprietor,
Parrish's Brick,
Washington street, near Front,
Portland, Oregon.
au6dlf
ATTENTION DISCHARGED VOLUNTEERS!
Discharged Soldiers entitled to the EXTRA BOUNTY under the Act of Congress, approved July 28, 1866, who wish their application papers properly prepared will do well to call on the undersigned. For particulars see fourth page of this paper
A BUSHWILER, Claim Agent,
Publication Office of the *Daily Oregonian*,
No 5 Washington St, Portland, Oregon.
The Graefenberg Company's Uterine CATHOLICON does not contain one particle of calomel or mercury, and cases of Female Complaints which require other treatment than this Catholicon are extremely rare It should be used in all cases of Deranged Monthly Periods, Weakness, Irregular Appetite, Nervousness, Headache, Disturbed Sleep, Acid Stomach, Nausea, Indigestion and Pains and Difficulties connected with the Uterine Organs
THE UTERINE CATHOLICON
is a most successful remedy for Grayel and all affections of the kidneys and Bladder, while in the troublesome symptoms attending Pregnancy, the benefits of the Catholicon are most remarkable It is a perfect restorer of Nocturnal and general health from invalidism and wretchedness to the turn of life, and those patients who have used the GRAEFENBERG COMPANY'S UTERINE CATHOLICON find difficulty in expressing their thankfulness for the beneficial effects of this wonderful medicine
ROBINSTON & CO, Sole Agents,
dec21d1m3p 416 and 415 Front Street, San Francisco.
Asthma.—This disease causes great difficulty of breathing, and tightness across the chest, and sometimes attended with a great deal of suffocation. The paroxysm generally comes on at night, while lying down, sometimes it is attended with great violence. AYER'S LUNG BALSAM will give immediate relief, and in many cases if preserved in, it will cure the disease altogether. For sale by REDINGTON & CO, San Francisco, Also, by the dealers in Family Medicine generally. jan18dlm
PAIN KILLER.
GENTS—Having used and witnessed the beneficial effects of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER, I take great pleasure in recommending it to the public as the very best Family Medicine with which I am acquainted. In this establishment are employed nearly one hundred persons, and your PAIN KILLER has been used with the most astonishing results. For FOUR YEARS not a single severe case of Cholic, Summer Complaint, or Dysentery, but has yielded like magic to the curative powers of the "Killer;" and for Cuts, Bruises, etc, it is in almost daily use, and with like good effects JOHN TANNER,

Matrimonial Felicities.

Some wag with a poetic turn gives us the old story of the difficulty between the husband and wife in the following lines:

A couple sat beside the fire
Debating which should first retire;
The husband positively said,
"Wife you shall go and warm the bed."
"I never will!" she quick replied;
"I did so once, and nearly died."
"And I will not!" rejoined the spouse,
With firmer tone, and lowering brow;
And thus a war of words arose,
Continuing till they nearly froze,
When both grew mute, and hovering higher,
Around the faintly glimmering fire,
They trembled o'er the dying embers,
Resolved, like heroes, not to yield,
But freeze each other from the field,
And thus, this once fond, loving pair,
In silence shook and shivered there,
Till midnight faded into morn,
And cocks were crowing at the dawn?
When all at once the husband said,
"Wife, had we not better go to bed?"

To Marry or not to Marry—That's the Question.

Yes, Mr. Alfred Smith, that is the question. You are twenty-five, with a sound mind in a sound body, in a good situation, income of fifteen hundred a year. You are in love with Araminta Jones, who you think is "just the best girl that ever was," and whose parents are only able to give to their darling daughter their blessing and a modest outfit. Now, this question opens up a wide, fruitful topic. It must be a good thing to marry, or so many good people would not have done it, and would not keep doing it; but the circumstances that make matrimony desirable or not, possible or not, are various, and not altogether susceptible of strict definition. We will suppose you are right in your belief that Araminta is indeed a jewel—that perfect treasure, dearer to you than gold or silver, or precious stones; that she is as amiable in temper as in manners, and that her charms will be even greater and her smiles sweeter as Mrs. Smith than they are as Miss Jones. As we are not about to write a book, we will waive the discussion of all further preliminaries, and suppose that they have been settled to the satisfaction of all concerned, and consider that your question is to be referred only to the general committee of ways and means. If that committee can report a sufficient appropriation, your case will be settled; if they cannot, it must go over to another term of probation, much to the detriment of your hopes and the freshness of Araminta's pocket-handkerchiefs.

And now, Smith (we have known Smith from a boy, and always talk to him in a familiar way)—and now, Smith, you are aware that wealth and poverty are comparative terms; that spending a shilling a day less than your income is one, and a shilling a day more is the other. In the back-country fifteen hundred a year would keep you and all your responsibilities like a prince; indeed, we believe half the country parsons live—and sometimes die—on half of it. But you don't propose to live in the back-country. The market for your quick hand and brain is in the city, say between Bleeker street and the Battery, and there you expect to make a spoon or spoil a horn.

There are two ways for a poor young man to start out on the high road to matrimony, and as you look along the road you will see that the little cottages and other humble dwellings are near at hand, while in the distance are the more pretending houses, the larger mansions, and the brown stone and marble palaces. To every young man in your circumstances the question presents itself, "Shall I take my love and commence low down the way, or shall I push on alone, and wait until I can crown my love with happiness in a brown stone and plate glass monument of success that is now in the distant perspective?" Your bachelor life don't suit you. The hall bed-room or attic-loft in a dingy boarding house, without fire in winter or ventilation in summer, without ornament or any of the graces or comforts of home, is not at all to your taste; and when you spend the evenings with Araminta, in that cozy back parlor, with its handsome curtains and mirrors, and soft carpets and bright fire, which, by common consent, is given up to lovers, you think you must have such a temple for your own household gods; and who shall blame you if you think Araminta is the only idol you could come near—worshipping. We know, my dear Smith, that you are perfectly correct and moral in your habits; that you turn away from all the low forms of vice with disgust and loathing; that you tarry not at the wine cup, nor follow the footsteps of her whose ways are the ways to a very bad place; and that you delight in the society of the refined and the virtuous; and all this makes it so much more difficult for you to decide against immediate matrimony. If you were a gay young man of the world; if you belonged to a fast club, where you gambled until two o'clock in the morning; if you kept fast horses, if you had the entree of the most fashionable houses, and led a life of gay dissipation, if not downright dissoluteness, you would not stop to consider whether you wanted a wife or not; you would rather think that you didn't need the article; that you were young and must sow your wild oats, and that if ever you did condescend to throw yourself away, it would be at some perfectly splendid creature, with a perfectly splendid fortune, who would help you to run a still farther splendid career, which might wind up either in a very splendid or a very doleful misery.

And it is just here that the lines of our illustration diverge most widely. The poor, fashionable man-about-town never marries for love only. The luxury is just as far beyond his reach as a ducal coronet, and we doubt whether his seared and callous heart is capable of feeling a passion which is nothing if not tender. He looks upon marriage as a *sort* of physical development in natural science—like the hatching of a trout's egg—to be accomplished only under the most favorable circumstances. He looks upon a wife as an ornamental appendage to his position in society—as a part of his establishment, that will give it only a little more fame than a fast team or a reputation for giving the best dinners. If he could afford to go into the market and select the most thoroughbred and best trained article, he would do it—and would examine all her points—from ankle to crown—her hair, manner and pedigree—with as much critical acumen as he would a candidate for the first place in his stables; but as he seldom can afford this, he does the next best thing, and bids for all of these qualifications he can obtain, combined with money. If there is not much woman in the bargain he is satisfied, if that little is docile and keeps within the domestic traces.

You say, Smith, that you are "not that style of man." So we know your style decides this matter in one or two ways—according to the deductions they draw from one or two divisions of the argument. Brown is much in your style. He is determined to pass the cottages alone—to keep out of bad company—and to fight his way to success and position before he marries. He does not dare to speculate—it is against his theory; but he is determined to stick to business until he has made a fortune, and then he and his wife will revolve in that elevated sphere which he erroneously supposes is the centre of happiness. But Brown is exposed to the mishap of trade, and fails. Nothing daunted, he is up, tries it again, and perhaps, after years of effort, finally succeeds. At fifty, or a little less, he has made a fortune—but in all that period he has been subjected to none of the endearing influences of home. His temper and disposition have become hardened, and the attempt to assimilate his fixed character and habits with those of a wife are seldom successful. The young slip quicky and kindly takes the sap and becomes a part of the young tree—but generally dies when grafted upon an old one.

The spring-time never comes but once in a year or in a life—and the spring-time is always the season of love with the birds, and not less so in the heart. For our part we would not run the risk of waiting over until the dry summer or a frosty autumn. It is true that certain plants may be forced out of season, but the brightness of a young love is not one of them. The freshness of the dew-drops, like the sweetest fragrance of the flowers, comes only in the morning. We think you will find the cottage pleasant in itself, and Araminta will help you make it a little paradise; and our word for it, the road will be all the easier and pleasanter for the companionship you will have on the way. If you live for yourselves and your true friends that are worth having, the fifteen hundred a year will do nicely; and with the steady habits and vigor of a married man, your chances for advancement ought to insure a greater future success. You ran a great risk of not getting on in the world when you were born into it, but you have got on comfortably enough up to this time, and matrimony will be a kind of new birth into a new world, with the chances much more in your favor than they were in the first instance. Yes, my dear Smith, we think we would do it.

A POSTSCRIPT.—"I love to look upon a young man. There is a hidden potency concealed within his breast which charms and pains me."

The daughter of a clergyman happening to find the above sentence at the close of a piece of her father's manuscripts he had left it in his study, sat down and added:

"Then's my sentiments exactly, papa, excepting the 'pains.'"

An attorney who wished to show his smartness by quizzing an old farmer at an election dinner, began by asking him if there were many girls in the neighborhood. "Yes, there's a dreadful sight of 'em," replied the old man; "so many that there ain't half enough respectable husbands for 'em all, and so some of 'em are beginning to take up with lawyers!" The attorney didn't follow up the subject.

THE HEBREW RACE.—In the journal of the Statistical Society of Paris, and the annals of hygiene and legal medicine of the same city, the following interesting facts are recorded relative to the history and conditions of the Jews

The history of the Hebrew is, in many respects, one of the grand episodes of modern civilization. We cannot but wonder at their persistent and eventually victorious struggle against implacable persecutions, instigated as well by religious hatred as by a desire to become possessed of their great riches, their force of expansion which led them to all parts of the known world, the concentration in their hands of a large part of international trade, the triple agency—one, of an admirably special aptitude for trade and finance; two, of sounder notions of the power of credit, at a time when unproductive concealment and hoarding were the methods of saving, three, the exclusion of the law of countries which tolerated their stay in them from all active employment, the adhesion to their religion, notwithstanding the incessant endeavors to proselyte, which were often strengthened by the secular arm; the not less determined retention in the land of their exile of the manners, traditions and customs of Judea, their refusal to mix with the races by which they were surrounded; finally, a certain vitality, superior to those races which enables them to be readily acclimated in all parts of the world.

* * * * *

Their sobriety has always been known; intoxication is rare; habitual drunkards can hardly be found. We see here a practical commentary on the saying of the celebrated Haller, that by far the larger part of those who were noted for their longevity were sober and lived plainly. * *

The Hebrew population in the different countries of Europe is estimated in a table before us to be 3,792,132, Prussia not included. Russia contains the largest number, 1,425,784. Next comes Austria, 1,058,374. Third on the list is Poland, 592,789. England shows 45,000, and Ireland the lowest figure of all, being only 322. The National Almanac for 1864 sets down the Hebrew population of the United States at 300,000. This is an estimate evidently not too high.

AN INGENIOUS ROGUERY.—Many years ago a young man, who was, as some people say, "very green," went into London. He had a guinea, of which he was very proud.

Some of his friends told him that the pickpockets of London would rob him of his money. They were very expert in robbing people of their purses and watches. This young man concluded he could not carry his guinea in his pocket or his purse, but—where do you think? Why, in his mouth! He walked along the street, looking at the wonderful things that were to be seen in the show-windows. He kept his eyes wide open, and his mouth, too. He could have seen without opening his mouth; but some people do now as he did then, keep both mouth and eyes open. As he strolled along, a little boy rushed up against him and left a number of pennies drop on the pavement. Immediately some kind-hearted persons began to pick up the pennies and hand to him; but he cried out louder than ever, "I don't care about the pennies; where is my guinea?"

A man, looking very much like a gentleman, said: "What are you crying about, my little man?"

"Oh," said he, "I've lost my guinea."

"Why," said the man, "there it is in that booby's mouth!"

"You rascal," exclaimed the bystanders, "give the boy his guinea."

He again did he declare it was his own. The people standing around made him deliver the guinea over to the boy. The man had seen the guinea in the mouth of the country youth, and hired the boy to play this trick. I suppose the man got the greater part of the money.

"DID HE HIT THE OWL?"—Sydney Smith said that a Scotchman needed a surgical operation before he could get a joke through his head. The following story illustrates the dullness of some people, and yet it has a suggestive moral; that is, make your point plain—hit something:

One day a man went into a store, and began telling about a fire. "There never had been such a fire," he said, "in all." A man going by Deacon Pettingill's barn saw an owl on the ridge pole. He fired at the owl, and the wadding somehow or other getting into the shingles, set the hay on fire and it was all destroyed—ten tons of hay, six head of cattle, the finest house in the country, etc. The deacon was nearly crazed by it." The men in the store began exclaiming and commenting upon it. "What a loss!" says one. "Why the deacon will nigh break down under it," says another. And so they went on speculating one after another, and the conversation drifted on in all sorts of conjectures. At last a quiet man, who sat spitting in the fire, looked up and asked, "Did he hit the owl?"

A SENSATION STORY.—BY A VEGETARIAN.—He had done the dead! But little did he guess that the eye of an intelligent potato in the next field was upon him. The potato poured the dreadful story into the ear of corn, which let out the secret in its (s)talk, and though I am bound to add that the corn was out after thus betraying confidence, the story got wind, and the cucumber was in a distressed frame of mind in consequence. The culprit was overtaken by justice and several scarlet-runners, and taken before a justice of the peas. The case was investigated to the very roots, and the potato was, of course, the principal witness for the prosecution. Wouldst know, O reader, the wretched man's guilt? He had shed the blood of a turnip, little expecting it would ever turn-up in evidence against him! He was executed, of course; the mode of execution, decapitation, in order to sever the carrot ed artery.

A teacher in a Sunday School was examining a class of little boys from a Scripture catechism. The first question was, "Where did they stone him?" "Beyond the limits of the city." The third question, "Why did they take him beyond the limits?" was not in the books and proved a puzzler to the whole class; it passed from head to foot without an answer being attempted. At length, a little fellow, who had been scratching his head all the while, looked up, and said: "Well, I don't know, unless it was to get a fair fling at him!"

Why was Herod's wife like a Fenian organization? Because she had a *head-sent-her*.

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month.
By order of M. E. H. P.

Bassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building, third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of
Jan. 7, 1867, dtf N. G.

Ellison Encampment No. 1, I. O. of O. F., meets on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month, at 7 o'clock P. M. Patriarchs in good standing are invited to attend. By order of C. P.
no22dtf

Willamette Lodge No. 2, F. & A. M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the 1st and 3d Mondays of each month at o'clock P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.
ap7tf By order of W. M.

Portland Lodge No. 20, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Wednesday evening of each week at 7½ o'clock. All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend. By order of the jy1 W. C. T.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. of O. F.—Meets every Wednesday Evening, at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building, third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel. Members of the order are invited to attend. au1 By order of N. G.

Pacific Degree Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T.—Holds regular meetings in Good Templars' Hall, corner Alder and Front streets, the First and Third Mondays in the month. Degree members in good standing are invited to attend. nov20dtf

Multnomah Lodge No. 12, I. O. G. T.—Holds Regular Meetings at 7½ o'clock on Saturday evenings of each week. All members in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. C. T.
Portland, Nov 7, 1866. dtf

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, F. & A. M.—Meets on 2d and 4th Mondays of each month, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

Crystal Lodge No. 19, I. O. G. T.—Meets on Tuesday evening of each week at 7 o'clock. All members of the Order in good standing are invited to attend. By order of the au17 W. J. T.

Health, the poor man's riches, the rich man's bliss, is found in **AYER'S MEDICINES**, after a fruitless search among other remedies A word to the wise is sufficient.

For Sale or Rent.

MR. HENDEE, Photographer, Corner of First and Morrison streets, opposite the Western Hotel, being desirous of changing his present business, on account of close confinement, will, for cash down, sell his entire stock, apparatus and fixtures in the Photographic business, on reasonable terms. He has just got newly and conveniently fitted up in as good a location as there is in Portland, and as fine a light as can be made. All persons wishing his services must call soon as he will quit taking Pictures for a time at least. D. H. HENDEE.
Portland, Jan. 25, 1867. dtpif

SHINGLES OF SUPERIOR QUALITY FOR SALE BY
R. H. LAW

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

WEEKLY REVIEW

PORTLAND, FRIDAY, 2 P. M., Feb 15, 1867.

Since our last report, we have had no gold quotations. On the morning of the 8th, gold was 138, having a slight tendency upward. Legal Tenders 73@74.

In the jobbing trade we have no transactions worthy of note Business is extremely dull The only changes in quotations since last week are for syrups which have advanced from 5 to 10 cents per gallon, sugars having advanced in proportion to syrups This results, as we are informed by private telegrams, from a combination among the San Francisco refineries Candles are 18@20c higher. The arrivals of country produce have been very fair. The only shipment during the week was by the Crosby which sailed Thursday evening for Victoria with the following freight, valued at $2,500: 57 sks wheat, 70 sks bran, 66 sks middlings, 15 boxes apples, 5 gunnies bacon, 14 bbl bbls lard, 1,000 qr sks flour, and 16 bales hay

Wholesale and Jobbing Prices.

PORTLAND, Feb 15, 1867

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—(Seasonable Goods) Apple Parers, iron, $10@12 ₱ doz. Cider Mills, from $30 to $75 each; Small common Hay Cutters, $12@$17 each; Daniels' Cutters, $45.

ALCOHOL—Eastern, 95@$4 00; California, $3 50.

BUTTER—Oregon, solid, 25 ₱ lb; brine 30@33c, Intimus, 40@42

BACON—Sides 14; hams 15@16c; Shoulders 7c@10c

BEANS—White Pea 3½c; Red, 3c; Boys, 3c, Pink, 3½c; Small White, 3

BUILDING MATERIALS—New Jersey Cement, ₱ bbl $6 00; Santa Cruz Lime, ₱ bbl, $3 50

BROOMS—No. 1, $1 50@1 60 ₱ doz; No. 2, $1 50 ₱ doz; No. 3, $3 50 ₱ doz.

CANDLES—Grants, 20c; Emery's, 22c, Sanders, 20 Kelly's, 19@19c

COFFEE—Rio 24 cents; Costa Rica, 25 cts, Java, 29@30 cents, Sandwich Island, 20c

DRIED FRUIT—Oregon Apples, 10@11 cts; Eastern in bf. bbls. 15; California peaches 15@18.

FLOUR—Imperial, $5 25 ₱ bbl, Standard, $5 00; Vaughn's, $5 50; Magnolia, $5, Salem Mills $5 00, Albany Steam Mills $5, Dayton, extra superfine $5 00 do, superfine, $5 00, Harrisburg Mills, $5 00, Good Country brands, $4 75@5 00.

FURS—Beaver, blk, ₱ lb, 75@80c; do pale, 75, Deer Skins, dressed 50@60; do raw, 15@18; Bear, blk, ₱ skin, $2 50@3 50 for prime, do brown, 2@2 50, Fisher, 1 25@2 00, Fox, Silver, 5 00@7 00, do Cross, 2 00@3 00, do Red, 25@75; do Grey, 25@50, Martin, dark, 2 50@3 00; do pale, 1 75@2 25, Mink, dark prime, 1 25@1 50; do pale, 50@1 00; Otter, prime, 2 00@2 50; do pale, 1 25@2 00; Raccoon, 10@25; Wolf, large, 1 00@1 25; do small, 75@1 00; Wild Cat, 15@25, Sea Otter, dark, 30 00@35 00; do brown, 20 00@25 00, Muskrat, 15c; Badger, 10@25.

GRAPES—California, $3 ₱ box.

HARDWARE—Cast Steel 22@25c; Iron, Flat Bar, 6; Round Bar ¾ inch, 7c; Shoe shapes 9½; Sleigh shoe $22, unhandled do $17 50; Shovels $16@$17 50; Drop shot $3 00; Balls, $3 25; Iron Axles, ₱ lb 11c, Carriage Springs, ₱ lb., 25c. Small Iron, 7½ to 11c; nail rod, 12½; Ax Handles, plain, $1 50; Pick do 4 50; Sledges do $3 50@4 00. Lead 14c.

LARD—Oregon ₱ lb cans 13@14c, in bulk 14c; J. & H. 18c.; California tins 15@16c.

MATCHES—Gee Stamped, $4 25 ₱ gross; Cal. do., $2 00 ₱ gross.

MISCELLANEOUS—Raisins, new fresh layers $5 25; Currants, ₱ lb. 18c.; Yeast Powders, P. & M. $35 00 ₱ gross. Saleratus, Barton's 12½ ₱ lb.; Babbitts, 14c; Oysters $3 25@$4 25; Mackerel bf bbls $14 00; Kits No. 1, $3 75.

MILL FEED—Bran and Shorts $17 00 ₱ ton; Middlings $22 ₱ ton; Ground Feed, ₱ ton, $30@$35.

NAILS—Base Burnished $3 50@3 60 ₱ keg, Fine Finishing and brads, $3 50; Lath $3@$3 10; Boat Spikes, $10 Oakum, ₱ bale, $3.

OILS—Kerosene Oil—Downer's 70c ₱ gal; Devoe's 70c; other brands, 67½c; Lard Oil 125 per gal; Winter Strained, $2 50; China Nut Oil, $1 20; Bear Oil, 80c; Peraline Oil, Hayward & Coleman's, $1 40, Tanner's Oil, 50c; Neatsfoot Oil, $2 10; Sperm Oil, $3 00, Castor Oil, $3 50, Linseed Oil, boiled, $1 05; raw, $1 05.

POWDER—Dupont's, 65c for ⅛ cans, 75c for ¼ cans, Rifle, in 25 ₱ kegs, $12 50; Sporting, in 5 ₱ cans, $1 50 each, California, 55c for ⅛ cans, 65c ¼ ₱ cans, blasting, $5 ₱ keg of 25 lbs. Fuse, $15@$16 ₱ M ft.

SUGARS—Sandwich Island, 9@11c; San Francisco Ref. C., 13½12; Powd. 14. Crushed, in bbls. 13¼, China, No. 1, 14.

SPIRITS—Henry Golden in bbls 65@70c ₱ gall, 5 gallon kegs, 75@80c ₱ gallon; San Francisco and Pacific Refinery, 75@80c ₱ gallon; Bay Rum, 70@75c ₱ gallon; California Refinery, 60c ₱ gallon.

SOAP—Oregon brands 7½@8½c; Colgate, 10cts; Castile, 16c; Cal. brands, 7½@8½c.

SALT—Liverpool fine, ₱ ton $40@45; Carmen Island, $22 ₱ ton.

SHANNON—Half bbl., $7; bbls., $13.

TEAS—Cumsi, 95@$1; Imperial and Gunpowder, 70@$1; Pow Chong, 65; Imitation Cumsi, 50@75; Japan 80@85; Basket 1 00.

WOODEN WARE—California Cedar Buckets, $4 00 ₱ doz, Western Buckets, $3 00 ₱ doz., California Cedar, Tubs, $4 50 ₱ nest; Eastern Tubs, $4 50 ₱ nest

PAPER—Oregon City Straw wrapping, ₱ ream, $2 25; Hardware Wrapping, 16c per lb; Manilla, do, 20c.

Domestic Produce Market.

PORTLAND, Feb 15, 1867.

The market is well supplied; demand rather weak and prices inclined to drop. Apples only are firm at quotations.

Apples, green, ₱ box	$ 75@$1 00
do dried	8@9
Wheat, new, ₱ bushel	70@75
Oats ₱ bushel	60
Corn meal ₱ 100 lbs	2 75@3 00
Ground Feed ₱ ton	35 00
Peaches dried, ₱ lb	10@16c
Plums, "	12½@13
Bacon ₱ lb	15@23
Hams "	15@16
Shoulders	7@8
Lard, in tins	12@13
Lard, in kegs	13@14
Eggs ₱ doz	25
Butter	30@35
Chickens, young, ₱ doz	3@3 50
" grown, ₱ doz	3 00@4 00
Furs—Beaver, ₱ lb	80
" Mink, each	75@80
" Otter, "	1 00@1 50
Beans ₱ 100 lbs	2 50@4 00
Wool, ₱ lb	22@23
Hay, from wagons, ₱ ton	20 00
Hides, salted, ₱ lb	4½@5
" dry, "	9@11

Weekly Retail Family Market.

PORTLAND, Feb 15, 1867.

Business has been quiet. Apples are firmer. Butter, bacon, lard and eggs are depressed. Vegetables are in moderate demand. Groceries without material change, except syrups which have advanced. Sugar, and candles are looking up.

FRUIT.		Butter, Cooking	28
Green Apples	$1@1 25	" Ordinary	33
Dried Apples	10	" Brine	25
Grapes Ogn, ₱ lb	15	" Choice	40@45
Plums dried ₱ lb	18@25	" Clarke's	50
Peaches " "	20	Flour, ₱ ½ sack	
Prunes	25	Imperial	$1 25@1 50
Malaga Grapes ₱ box	$1	Standard	1 25@1 50
GROCERIES.		Vaughn's	1 25@1 50
Coffee—Oregon Ground,	50	Other brands	1 25@1 50
Green C ₱ lb	28	POULTRY, GAME, &c.	
" Java	30	Turkeys	$2@2 50
Sugar—Crushed	19	Chickens, young	50
Pulverized	20	" grown	75
Granulated	18	Grouse, ₱ pr	.62½@75
Yel C S F Ref.	14	Geese, Wild, each	1 00
Islands	10@12½	Pheasants "	.50@62½
Syrup—	75	Ducks—Mallard, pr	50
Hery Golden	$1 50	" Canvas back	38
Tea—Y'ng Hyson	1 25	" Teal, &c., ea	12½
Old "	1 00	Puget Sound Cod	12½
Japan	1 00	Smoked Salmon	15
Black	.75@1 00	Salt Salmon ₱ lb	10
PROVISIONS.		VEGETABLES.	
Eggs fresh ₱ doz	30	Beets ₱ lb	1½
Honey ₱ lb	25@37½	Carrots "	1½
Hams and Bacon	18@20	Cauliflowers ₱ doz	25@1 00
Lard ₱ lb	18	Onions ₱ lb	2½
Dried Beef	20	Tomatoes, ₱ lb	none
Cheese—Cal. ₱ lb	25	Turnips ₱ lb	1½
Butir	30	Potatoes, new	60@75
Hathaway's	35		

Cotton Goods and Woolen Market.

PORTLAND, Feb 15, 1867.

OREGON WOOLEN GOODS.—*Blankets*, Oregon gray, No 2, $7; do white, No 1 extra, $10; No 1, $8; do. No. 2, $6; No 3, $5 50; 3-4 White flannels $1 10@$1 20; 4-4 White do 75c; 3-4 White do. 47½@50c; Plain assorted colors, flannel, 50c, Twilled do. 55@65c; Grey Mixed Shirting 50@55, Bardtimes, $1 05; Grey Doeskin, $1 10@1 30; Drab Mixed Beaver, $1 10; Fancy Cassimeres, $1 10@$1 50, Tweeds, 80@90c.

COTTON GOODS.—*Sheetings*—Standard, 21½ cents, seconds, 19c; light, 15@16. Standard drills, 22½c. *Shirting*—Bleached unpressed, 26@30c, bleached 23½ to 25, 22@27c, *Denims*—25@33c. Hickory stripes, 29@33c. *Prints*—Fancy, 18@20c; Merrimac, 18c, Delaines, 25. *Ticking*—31@40c, 30-inch, 25@35c. Linsey, 24@33c. 10-4 bleach, 80. Oakland heavy sheeting, 23c ₱ yard.

Cattle and Live Stock Market.

PORTLAND, Feb 15, 1867.

Beef cattle have advanced 55c per cwt. Sheep, 50 higher. Veal calves are in demand at higher rates

CATTLE—Beef cattle, $6@7 ₱ cwt net
SHEEP—Good mutton sheep, $3 50@4 ₱ head.
HOGS—Average prices, grain fed, 8 cts ₱ lb, swigling 175 lbs and upward, neat, 8c ₱ lb
VEAL CALVES—Average, $9@10 ₱ head

FIRE! FIRE!!

JOHN R. SIMS,

Manufacturer of Fire-Proof Doors, and Shutters, Bank Vaults.

GRATINGS, CEMETERY RAILING, BALCONIES, &c., Oregon street, between Front and Davis, Washington and Jackson, San Francisco.

All orders from the interior, Oregon and Washington Territory, or any place on the Pacific coast, attended to with promptness and dispatch

Mr SIMS appreciates the past liberal patronage of his friends, and trusts he may continue to merit it in the future For the information of strangers, he would say that he feels confident that his experience in his particular calling is surpassed by none on this coast, which his superior work, sent to almost every town in California, Oregon, Victoria and San Juwich Islands, and to be seen on some of the best buildings in San Francisco fully attest.

Also—A very large lot of Second Hand Shutters, of various dimensions, all for sale at very low rates.

N. B.—Mr E. M BURTON, of Portland, will make contracts for Iron work in my name.

Office at J. L. PARRISH & CO'S No 87 Front street, Portland. Orders made for all kinds of work by parties sending in the size of Deorsand Windows and other work. dtf

STORAGE IN FIRE-PROOF BRICK STORE CORNER First and Pine streets
jan14d2p R. H. LAW.

Miscellaneous.

Albert M. Snyder,

GOVERNMENT CLAIM AGENT,

96 Front Street, East Side.

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Patents for Inventions.

Business with the United States Patent Office, such as filing Caveats, and procuring Letters Patent, will be prosecuted with strict care and attention All business of this character will be strictly confidential

General Land Office—Patents for Lands.

Will attend to procuring Patents for United States Lands, locating Land Warrants or purchasing with cash All business connected with the General Land Office, such as collecting moneys for lands error oneously entered with cash, or return of the Land Warrants erroneously located, the settlement of cases under the Pre emption Laws, and examining titles, will receive prompt attention

Bounty Land Warrants.

Will procure Bounty Land Warrants (160 acres) for each of the surviving Officers, Chaplains, Soldiers, Seamen, Marines, Clerks, and Landsmen in the Navy—Wagon Masters and Teamsters who served in any of the wars in which the United States has been engaged since 1790 to 1855 In case of the death of any of the above, the widow or minor children are entitled.

Bounty and Arrears of Pay.

Will procure arrears of Pay due Officers, and Bounty and arrears of Pay due Soldiers, Seamen and Marines If any of the above have died, the amount due is payable to the Widow, Children, Father and Mother, and Brother and Sister, in their turn.

Pensions.

Will procure Pensions for Officers of the Army and Navy, Soldiers, Seamen and Marines, who have been disabled by wounds received, or who contracted a disease while in the line of duty, and if any of the above were killed in battle or have died from said causes, the following are entitled to them in their order, viz Widow, Children (under 16 years of age), Father and Mother and Sisters, if dependent upon their deceased son or brother for support, either in whole or in part.

The Pension Laws apply to all wars in which the United States have been engaged.

All communications asking advice or information should enclose *postage*, or whenever of a character requiring it, should be accompanied with a reasonable fee.

January 21, 1867. dtf A. M. S.

To Soldiers Claiming Bounties

UNDER THE

EQUALIZATION BOUNTY BILL!

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING RECENTLY RETURNED from Washington City, where he has made the proper arrangements for the collections of the Extra Bounty of $100 allowed to all soldiers enlisted after the 14th March, 1861, for a period of not less than three years, and $50 for soldiers enlisted for a period of not less than two years

Persons entitled to the benefits of said Bounty will find it to their interest to attend to its collection at once Having an Agent at Washington, and personal knowledge of the mode of making collections through the Departments, I can get returns promptly.

☞ Call with your Discharge, and two witnesses for identification, at the Publication Office of the *Daily Oregonian*, No. 5 Washington St., Portland

A. BUSHWILLER, Claim Agent.

N. B.

Persons residing at a great distance can have their claims attended to by sending me their "Discharge," Postoffice address and place of enlistment.

A. BUSHWILLER.

DR. HENLEY'S

Fountain of Life!

THE

GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER!

IN EVERY PROGRESSIVE SCIENCE PERIODS ARRIVE when a new direction is imparted to its course, these epochs proceed from discovery of new facts shedding a light which changes the whole aspect of the science. The present is an epoch of this kind, and this Great Remedy, now offered to the public, in connection with the theory on which it is based, is destined to effect an entire revolution in the treatment of the diseases of

SCROFULA AND KING'S EVIL!

by eradicating the disease entirely from the blood. The FOUNTAIN OF LIFE is composed entirely of vegetable extracts; it contains no Mercury or other mineral substance.

The Proprietor and Discoverer of this Sovereign Remedy CHALLENGES THE WORLD to furnish anything, from the days of Æsculapius down to the present time, in the arcana of Medical Science, which can vie with or excel the intrinsic properties of this Great Blood Purifier. Its value has been tested with the happiest effect in the most obstinate cases of Scrofula, that baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians in the world. No matter what form the dreadful disease of SCROFULA and KING'S EVIL may have assumed, it can in no way be more easily and certainly arrested in its progress than by HENLEY'S GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER. Thousands have been swept into their graves, who had they made a timely use of the FOUNTAIN OF LIFE, might now be enjoying the blessings of life and health. It requires an article of real merit in instance such as entails itself. During the stern ordeal of public experiment the FOUNTAIN OF LIFE has stood the test trial, and must been found wanting.

☞ Dr. HENLEY guarantees to CURE any case of SCROFULA or KING'S EVIL in the world, and eradicate the disease entirely from the system, or no charge made—provided they will secure him his pay when they are cured.

FOR REFERENCE:

I would refer you to L. L. Pack, of Portland, Mrs Walter Moffitt, and numbers of others, as to what a miraculous effect it had in a short time, in cases that had baffled the skill of physicians for years.

DR. WM. HENLEY,
feb5d4ptf Portland, Oregon.

WILLAMETTE IRON WORKS CO.

Corner of North Front and E Sts.,

One Block North of Couch's Wharf,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

MANUFACTURE

STEAM ENGINES,

Boilers,

SAW AND CRIST MILL,

Quartz and Mining

MACHINERY

OF ALL KINDS,

Castings for Agricultural Machinery,

WROUGHT IRON SHUTTER WORK,

For Fire-Proof Buildings, at

SAN FRANCISCO COST AND FREIGHT.

Blacksmithing and Repairing.

PATTERNS MADE TO ORDER BY PETER TAYLOR.

All orders for Work will be Executed Promptly.

JOHN NATION,
September 8, 1866. dtf Superintendent.

CITY BAKERY

AND

Provision Store.

R. PITTOCK,

NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,

Opposite Lower Steamship Landing

and Corner First and Morrison Streets,

Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of

BREAD,

Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda

CRACKERS,

PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.

and all kinds of

STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,

Family Groceries,

FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.

☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.

☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

NATIONAL COLLEGE

OF

BUSINESS AND COMMERCE,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THIS POPULAR, PRACTICAL INSTITUTION OF fers the best and most successful System of Practical Training and Thorough Business Discipline to Qualify Young and Middle-Aged Men for an Active, Successful Life

SCHOLARSHIPS for the full Collegiate Course, time unlimited, $50. Those wishing to become members will be admitted any week day in the year.

THE COLLEGE GAZETTE setting forth the Course of Study and Plan of Instruction, will be sent free to all who desire it

Applicants will apply in person or by letter to
M. K. LAUDENSLAGER, Pres't,
feb9d1ptf Portland, Oregon.

Notice.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between Samuel D Smith and L P. W Quimby in the hotel business is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Parties having claims against the House are requested to present them on or before the 10th inst. Those indebted will please call and settle with either party.

SAMUL D. SMITH.
L. P. W QUIMBY.
Portland, Jan. 1st, 1867. Jan3dtf

Steamers.

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Notice.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE THE STEAMER

ALERT

WILL LEAVE PORTLAND DAILY, AT 7 A. M.,

For Oregon City,

Connecting with the Steamer

RELIANCE FOR CORVALLIS

ON

MONDAY AND THURSDAY

of each week. Also with the

Active for Eugene,

On WEDNESDY of each Week.

ALSO, WITH THE

Steamer Union,

ON MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, AND FRIDAYS, of each week,

For LAFAYETTE and intermediate points.

Dec 8th, 1866 A. A. McCULLY,
dtf Pres't People's Trans Co

To the Traveling Public.

STEAMER

ELIZA ANDERSON,

D. B. FINCH ..... Master.

THE ANDERSON HAS NOT BEEN HAULED OFF the route, nor will she be. She is the only steamer that ever RUN REGULARLY on Puget Sound for any length of time Has just been thoroughly overhauled and is in complete order for a long campaign Will carry passengers, freight and stock CHEAPER than any other conveyance.

PASSAGE AT PRESENT:

TO VICTORIA $3 00
RETURNING FROM VICTORIA 3 00

Berths and Meals Included.

FREIGHT:

CATTLE, at present $2 00
SHEEP, at present 50
MERCHANDISE, at present, per ton 2 00

Vancouver Island Landing permits have been abolished
Olympia, Dec. 7, 1866 dec13dtf

Medical Cards.

DR. R. B. WILSON,

Office—No. 5 Stark Street,

(Up-Stairs,)

Residence—North Fourth street,

no10 Between Davis and G. dawtf

CHAS. BLACH, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—WASHINGTON ST. corner of Front, Parrish's Block, opposite Oregonian office, Portland, Oregon.

OFFICE HOURS—7 to 9 A. M. and 4 to 5 P. M. au10tf

DR. A. J. HOFFMANN,

Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur,

Dalles, Oregon.

nov29 dlptf

J. F. KELLOGG,

DENTIST.

Main Street, Dalles City.

OFFICE—IN THE ROOMS FORMERLY OCCUPIED by Dr. Conkey.

Dr Kell